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ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
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Worth Seeing!

250

Designs in Chairs!

The biggest stock of fine chairs we have ever shown. You will find exactly what you want. Come in and see the display. It is a fine one.

Rattan Chairs

in white, cherry and antique finish.

Fancy Rockers,

CARVED OAK CHAIRS, upholstered in antique leather, patent leather and plush.

Wire Springs \$1.75 up.

Best for the money.

Bachman Bros.,

3 STORES IN ONE

E. Main St. Sign of Big Elephant.



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TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (free) containing full particulars for home cure. FREE of charge. A splendid medical work, should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address, Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Medford, Conn.

WITH IMPRESSIVE SERVICES

The Body of William Boyd is Laid in the Tomb

The funeral of William M. Boyd yesterday afternoon was most impressive. It was conducted according to the rituals of the Episcopal church and the Knights Templars. The services were witnessed by a large assemblage that included the most prominent business men and all the leading citizens of Decatur, who had turned from the ordinary pursuits of their lives to take part in the sadly beautiful ceremonies that marked the close of a life most dear to them all.

The services were held at St. John's Episcopal church. At 2 o'clock Beaumont Commandery, No. 9, Knights Templars, met at its assembly, and forming in a line, headed by Goodman's band, proceeded to the Boyd residence on West North street. At the corner of Main street the members of all the banking institutions in the city were waiting in line. They fell in behind the knights and followed them to the residence, where all took the last look at the features of the departed, and re-formed their ranks on the sidewalk.

The pall bearers, who were D. H. Heilmann, B. K. Durfee, C. M. Durfee, F. M. Young, L. L. Burrows, and Joseph Brown, then placed the handsome casket, heavily draped in black, in the hearse, and it was conveyed to the church. The building was already filled when the Knights and those with them arrived, but seats had been reserved. A much larger building than that would not have held all who were present. The grounds were filled too, and even the sidewalk was occupied.

The usual Episcopal service for the dead was conducted by the rector, Rev. M. M. Goodwin, in his impressive manner. Solemnly beautiful music was furnished by a quartette composed of Misses Eymann and Berry and Messrs. Arthur Alexander and Sherman McClelland. Prof. Albert Condel was at the organ. By request two hymns were used beside the music of the service. They were "Abide With Me," and "Nearer My God to Thee."

The altar was draped in white, and surrounded by handsome floral pieces. One was a pillow of pink and white carnations. There were many other flowers, all sent by sympathizing friends.

At the conclusion of the exercises in the church the funeral cortege was formed with the band at the head, followed by the Knights, then the bankers, the hearse, and the family and friends in carriages. To the slow and solemn notes of the funeral dirge, the procession marched to Greenwood cemetery.

There the sad services were concluded by the ritual of the Knights Templars, conducted by the officers of the commandery in their respective parts. Even the day seemed to adapt itself to the feelings of the sorrowing group that stood in the open air. Dark clouds were in the sky and lent an air of deeper mournfulness to the solemn occasion. Before the exercises were concluded, a soft rain began to fall. Many tears were dropped in the grave that is now the last resting place of a most noble man.

Nautic.

Special Correspondence to THE REVIEW.

Miss Ada Farnam, of Pawnee, visited friends and relatives here.

Saturday was pay day at the coal shaft. A good many of the miners went on a "bum."

Mr. Curtis, of Decatur, has taken Tom Holme's position in the C. C. C. office here.

Henry Farnam spent Sunday at home.

Miss Minnie Lawton visited Miss Ruth Wells Sunday.

Sam Kizer has a stock of jewelry in the store with A. W. Wells.

The meeting at the M. E. church is still in progress.

J. P. Faris and Clay Danley, who have been hunting in Mississippi for four weeks, are expected home Saturday.

The remains of the late Mr. Bradway were brought from Chicago and interred in the Long Point cemetery last Tuesday.

Born, to Mrs. Ella Lindsay, on Friday, Dec. 13, a son. Mr. Lindsay died about two months ago.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Martin, a son.

There was a dance at John Andrews' Monday night.

Miss Nellie Hawk is visiting her cousin, Miss Minnie Hawk.

The families of Joe Bitley and Tom Holmes have moved to Lincoln.

William Bratton, who has been seriously ill, we are glad to hear, is recovering.

Mr. Brown, our watch finker, has not come back yet.

Nautic, Ill., Dec. 17, 1889.

Moweaqua.

Special Correspondence to THE REVIEW.

Charles Workman, of Sangamon county, is visiting his brother, William Workman.

Joshua Padget has returned from Jefferson county, where he has been visiting his parents.

Last Thursday Simpson Portwood and his son, James, were mowing slough grass. Simpson got too close to James and got his nose almost cut off with the scythe blade.

Died, at the family residence, last Friday, Mrs. Joshua Hudson.

The farmers are most all through husking corn.

Fred Keohler, the man who got his hand shot off last spring and one eye shot out was in Decatur last Friday trying to get an artificial eye, but failed to do so.

Last Friday Officer Leech, of Decatur, came down on the 11 o'clock train with Charley Cox, who was wanted on a bastardy case. Officer Charles Hensley took him in charge and he was bound over to court. Failing to give bond he went to jail to await the next session of the circuit court, which convenes next April.

Moweaqua, Ill., December 17, 1889.

Ordination Services.

Dr. George B. Vosburgh went to Taylorville last night to attend an ordination council of Baptist ministers that was going to admit a young preacher to the ministry.

Dr. Vosburgh preached the sermon at the close of the services.

WOOD'S FLORIDA ORANGES

We Have the Finest Line of CANDIES

Ever Shown in the City, and can Make

PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

A. J. WOOD,

142 MERCHANT STREET.

ORGANIZATION PERFECTED.

We Now Have a Trotting Association Complete.

The stockholders of the Decatur Trotting Association met last night at the St. Nicholas, and after they adjourned the board of directors met. The permanent organization of the association was perfected.

The stockholders adopted by-laws that are substantially the same as those of the Cleveland association. The acceptance of the lease of the grounds and track of the Brennemans, was recommended to the board of directors and that practically means that that track will be used.

The board of directors elected officers as given below and adjourned to meet again next Monday:

President—John Ulrich.
Vice-President—C. M. Caldwell.
Secretary and Treasurer—B. Z. Taylor.
Superintendent of Grounds—Eli Brennemman.

The Musical College.

Last night occurred the 35th recital by the pupils of the Decatur Musical college in their hall on North Main street, and a delighted audience was present to listen to the excellent music which seemed to flow from the fingers of the performers. Their vocal selections were sweetly sung and greatly appreciated, if one may judge by the applause of the listeners. Following is the program:

Festival March (Behr)—Misses Hattie Miller, Myrtle Wheeler, Grace Hausher.

German Love Rhyme (Helmund)—Miss Irene Armstrong.

Scottish Air—Miss Sue Maris.

Duet—Misses Lucy Penhalegon and Sue Maris.

Flower Song (Lange)—Miss Louise Meriwether.

Dance and Play (Lieber)—Miss Emma Pahmeyer.

Waltz (Durand)—Miss Helen Meech.

Lovely Spring, (Coenen)—Miss Gertrude Griswold.

The Mill, (Jensen)—Miss Maude Evans.

Roguishness, (Lange)—Miss Lelah Keefe.

Air De Ballet, (Durand, op. 77) Miss Lulu Beall.

(a) Reverie, (Fauconier); (b) Spring Awakening, (Bach)—Mr. T. H. McConnell.

Winter, (Folk song)—Master Harold Young.

Bubbling Spring, (Rive King)—Miss Nettie Stump.

Sull'onda, (Mottel)—Miss Maude Leflingwell.

Fifth Nocturne, (Leybach)—Miss Gertrude Ragan.

Dust to Dust.

The funeral of James Burns took place from the Irish Catholic church yesterday morning, Rev. P. J. Mackin conducting the services, and the remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery in the presence of his immediate relatives and friends.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary J. Carder took place from the residence of the deceased, on Bradford street, Monday evening. The services were conducted by Rev. George Serlinger, pastor of Stapp's Chapel, and his eulogy of the dead lady's many christian acts, was touching and eloquent. Many rich and beautiful floral offerings were placed on the coffin, while the features of those present proved how sincerely they mourned the loss of their dead friend.

The choir, composed of Misses Nina Clark and Mamie Freeman, and Howard Diller and S. R. Gher, rendered some sweetly appropriate music. The remains were followed by a large cortege to Greenwood cemetery, where they were placed in their final resting place. The following gentlemen acted as pall bearers:

F. L. Hays, W. W. Mason, H. J. Stratton, O. Ewing, William Holman and J. F. Roach.

Hunting Bear.

Mound Bayon, Miss., Dec. 13, 1889.

Editors Review: Friday makes three weeks that your Mississippi hunting party has been in the swamps of Mississippi, and we have had a very enjoyable time. The weather has been very fine ever since we have been here, very warm and very dry.

There has only been one rain since we came, and that was one night two weeks ago. The swamps are dry and there is but very little water in the bayous.

The only drawback to our hunt is, the weather is so very warm that we cannot keep our game when killed. We have had two big bear hunts and have killed two bears. We go on our third bear hunt on the 14th (to-morrow). We intend this for our grand effort. We will have 15 dogs in the chase, and I will let you know the result of this hunt in my next letter. We have only killed two deer as yet, but shall hunt deer after this big bear hunt is over. We go from Mound Bayon some 10 miles up the Sunflower river in dug-outs. The members of the hunting party who were with me last year, will know about where it is, and for their benefit I will send you a full report of the results of the hunt.

J. P. FARIS.

The Charitable Union.

The members of the council of the Woman's Charitable union are requested to meet at the Roby this morning at 10 o'clock sharp.

A middle-aged woman and her son, 11 years old, want a place where they can work together. They do not object going to the country. Inquire of the secretary, Mrs. M. A. Bradley.

FIGS, DATES,

And Nuts of All Kinds

—AT—

WOOD'S

MERCHANT STREET.

ODDS AND ENDS.

John C. Whittier says he expects to live to the age of 100 years, though he is not anxious to do so.

Eight thousand pounds of lead ore in one chunk were taken from the De Graff mine at Zincite, Mo., the other day.

If you have a wife as gentle and attentive to her as if she was the wife of some other man.

A brother of the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, the Rev. Edward Abbott, of Cambridge, Mass., has just been made Protestant Episcopal missionary bishop of Japan.

Bonaparte's house at Longwood, St. Helena, is now a barn; the room in which he died is a stable; and where the imperial lady lay in state may be found a machine for grinding corn.

Of 1,548 marriages contracted in Prussia last year between blood relations, 1,122 were between cousins, 110 between uncles and nieces, and 16 between aunts and nephews.

Senator Edmunds of Vermont, says his daughter is about as skilled in the law as he is. She acts as his amanuensis and advises with him when doubtful legal points arise. Such a daughter is a jewel in the parental crown.

Said Lord Wellesley to Justice Plunkett: "One of my aides-de-camp has written a personal narrative of his travels; pray, what is your definition of 'personal'?" "Well, my lord," was Plunkett's reply, "we lawyers always consider personal as opposed to real."

A bust of the German emperor, by Professor Bogas, is to be placed in the grand corridor at Windsor castle. It is a present to the queen from the emperor, who is represented in the uniform of the gardes du corps, with his helmet on.

The origin of the word "hurry" has for some time been a discussion in the press. A writer in an English journal expresses the conviction that it is nothing but an enlarged form of hurr (signifying a rapid movement), and is of purely Teutonic origin. Also, that the word "hurry" is its Anglicized form.

M. Nautet reached the Paris exposition from Brussels, after a seven days' journey, in a phaeton drawn by a pair of dogs. He is a humane man, and when his dogs were tired he went between the shafts while they mounted the box.

To cut an apple into quarters pass a string by means of a needle across the apple, which is divided by pulling the two ends of the string, crossing under the peel. Operate in the same manner on the opposite side of the apple, so as to divide it into a second half, and it will be perfectly divided into quarters, although enveloped by the peel.

Since the Palatine bridge disaster, the Central railroad authorities have issued an order directing all signal tenders to stand on the track for five minutes after each train has passed, with a red light or flag, and after five minutes have elapsed to stand five minutes longer displaying a green signal. No trains dare run by the red signal, hence the chances of collision in case of accident are materially lessened by this arrangement.

The boys of the college for the blind, of Worcester, England, play a very fair game of cricket, the ball used being made of wicker, with a bell inside of it, which rings when it is thrown. The wicket-keeper claps his hands behind the stumps to guide the bowler, and so expert are the bowlers that they can hit the wicket with three balls out of six.

The new city of Johannesburg, in the south African gold region, is attracting attention, and there are those who predict for it a phenomenal future. They promise a million inhabitants in five years, an output of gold which will gild the whole world, a commercial importance threatening the established trade centers of the old world, and a political and social position second to no city in Africa, north or south.

A Victim of Greed.

James H. Riley captured a five pound bass in Saratoga lake in a somewhat novel way a few days since. He had started out early in the morning for fish, but his quest was unsuccessful. While rowing back to his place his attention was arrested by a disturbance of the water near the shore and in a very shallow spot. Looking closely, he saw that a large bass, with dorsal fin above the surface, was the cause of troubling the water. He approached as near as he thought safe and was about to shoot the fish, when he discovered that it seemed somewhat disabled. Investigation showed, when the game had been scooped in with a net, that the greediness of the bass was the cause. In his mouth was found a sunfish weighing almost a pound.—Exchange.

Bradley Bros.

ART and FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

THIS WEEK WE SHOW THE FOLLOWING:

Chamois Hand Painted Glo v Handkerchief, Collar and Cuff Cases.

Satin Hand Painted Glove and Handkerchief Cases.

Satin Hand Painted Sachet Bags.

Fancy Hand Painted Bolting Cloth Throws.

Silk and Brass Banner Rods.

Fancy Silk Fringes of all kinds

Fancy Cords in all the Newest Shades.

Immense Variety of Fancy Ornaments, Pen Pons, Crochet Tassels, etc.

Fancy Painted Plushes, Balsam & Pillows, Down Head Rests

Stamped Goods, Tidies, Scarfs, Splashes, Tray Cloths, Doylies and Painted Bolton Table Covers

Linen Scrims, Etching, Wash and Knitting Silks, Arisene, Ribbosene, Silk and Linen Rib, Rope Linen and Rope Silk, Chenille Appliques, Uncovered Pin-cushions and Pin-cushion covers.

BRADLEY BROS.,

CORNER WATER AND WILLIAM STS., DECATUR.

AGENTS JOUVIN KID GLOVES.

1889-1855

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We prefer buying our Beef from the FARMERS OF MACON COUNTY rather than from Dressed Beef firms in St. Louis or Chicago. Believing that it is QUALITY rather than quantity that the public desire, we shall continue to sell only the best of Meats, procured from animals raised and matured on Macon county farms, and respectfully ask for a continuance of your patronage, heretofore so liberally bestowed.

Imboden Bros.

THE HAINES PIANO Leads Them All.

So much has already been said and written regarding the merits of the HAINES BROS.' PIANO, that but little remains to be told. It is unquestionably the PEOPLE'S PIANO.

For Tone, Durability, Honesty of Construction, it acknowledges no superior.

THE ACTION IS LIGHT, FIRM, ELASTIC, RESPONSIVE. The scale is Scientifically Correct and Musically Perfect. Every Note is Clear as a Bell. It is a marvel of sweetness and Power of Grace, Beauty and Brilliancy.

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Sheet Music and Musical Merchandise.

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AND EYE GLASSES.

Exclusive Professional Attention
Adjustment of Spectacles
Ophthalmoscopic Examination
of Eyes from 8 to 13 a. m. and
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WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER, 18, 1889.

THE VERDICT.
What will the people think about the verdict in the Cronin case after the excitement that makes the nine-days wonder has passed away? Just now the people are not satisfied with the finding of the jury. Inquiry yesterday among a dozen representative men on the streets showed that there was not a single John Culver among them. There was a remarkably unanimous demand that the law should avenge the murder of Dr. Cronin by taking human life. The case was not one calling for imprisonment. The murder was heinous and those who were tried for it should have met the law's strongest disapprobation, or should have been declared innocent. The people had not been led to regard the case as a question of compromise. One man remarked yesterday, "Why impose the second penalty in this case? The murder having been established beyond a reasonable doubt in jurors' minds, where did they find the extenuating circumstances? Perhaps some of them thought that it was a work of comparative tenderness for the prisoners to kill Cronin with a bludgeon when they might have roasted him to death."

And so the feeling of the people is now one of general disappointment. They have called for the lives of some of the defendants; and it is not often that our people cry out for blood. In most instances where they have heretofore asked for it they got it. Now that the public demand has been denied, it will be interesting to note how the people will carry themselves. Should they forget the whole case in a few days, it will be demonstrated that public clamor is not such a worthy thing, after all, only a mob sentiment that is good-mannered enough to keep within the bounds of the law.

But the people who have taken an interest in the case have now turned to find some good in the verdict that was brought in. Several say that the prisoners who are sentenced to the penitentiary for life can tell a great many secrets about this case, and that some of them will tell what he knows before he has gone through many years of prison fare and discipline. It seems that there is nothing in this. There might be something, if we had any assurance that these men will be kept in the penitentiary. Just now there is a pretty general feeling that they will serve only a few years. If the theory of the prosecution in the Cronin case is not entirely wrong, the prisoners will have a tremendous influence that will work night and day for their release. This influence is social and political and must gather even greater strength as the advocates of public interests turn their attention to new matters. It is requested by thousands of votes and may be able to dictate a nomination for governor. Some of these outside friends have an interest in being active, and Dan Coughlin will never trade these active fellows for such material as he can find among the people who once asked for his life. The hope of an ultimate confession is a very slim one, it is only the echo of a wish.

Among those who have good reason to feel rejoiced over the verdict are the members of the Clan na Gael. The acquittal of John F. Beggs means that the charges in relation to Camp 10 were not sustained. It means that the inner circle, and all that, has not been proved. His conviction would have meant that a part of the Clan na Gael society had gone into the business of murdering objectionable American citizens. This was by all odds the most serious charge in the whole case. Beggs' acquittal knocks it to the ground. Whatever conspiracy remains must be looked for outside the regular work of that society. When the jury said that Beggs was not guilty, it said that no conspiracy had been brought to the door of the Clan na Gael, or within the portals of Camp 20. The men who make up that society have reason to feel rejoiced. If they are a band of conspirators, they have managed to hide the fact. They have been charged with a good deal, but the jury that sat upon the case declares that nothing was proved. Of all the defendants, the Clan na Gael was most interested in the acquittal of Beggs.

In an interview yesterday Beggs said that the state made a mistake when it dragged

the Clan na Gael into the trial, and that it would do well to go after the chief conspirator. He wouldn't state the name of this conspirator, or that he knew it. If Mr. Beggs wishes to win golden opinions for his society, he can do so by showing that this conspirator is not a member, and by producing proof that will convict him. If Beggs will do this, the state will do penance for all it has said against the Clan na Gael.

A DELEGATION of the W. C. T. U. ladies waited upon the council at its meeting last Monday night. It called for the purpose of telling the members of our city legislature that the saloons of Decatur have been in the habit of selling drinks after hours. The performance of the council upon hearing this story, was something wonderful. The mayor saw at a glance that the aldermen were seized with that aggravation of buck-a-gie vulgarly known as the razzle dazze. So he called one of them to the chair, where it was possible to do the least harm, and planted himself firmly upon the floor. He found out what the ladies wanted, and allowed them to present their memorial, or something of that kind.

This document informed the council that that the clocks in the saloons were never able to reach the closing hour. Had everything been left to the mayor, a great deal of genteel smoothness would have marked subsequent proceedings. But one of the aldermen, we forget his name, arose to remark that it was the intention to cast a slur upon the mayor, to avert which he proposed an amount of immediate legislation sufficient to run an empire. Of course the good ladies were shocked. They had not gone out in the bleak night to hunt up our city fathers for the purpose of insulting them; they were out for the purpose of carrying important news.

The mayor understood all this, and after an immense amount of labor got his view of the situation into other members' heads. With the aid of pantomimic and winks, he argued that the mayor could not be insulted by having his attention called to the fact that the saloons are kept open after hours. When looked at in this right light, was it not a delicate compliment to the mayor for the ladies to feel it necessary to tell that there is wickedness going on in our city after he goes to bed? Now if they hadn't brought the news to the mayor, it would have argued that they thought he had knowledge of all this wickedness. But they brought him the news, which was the same as saying that he was a man innocent of a great deal of wrong that was about him. Now to credit a man with innocence is not casting a slur upon him, and the mayor, so understanding it, told the council that he did not consider himself arraigned. The voluninous legislator finally tumbled to this view of the case, and retired for the purpose of digesting the new idea.

The situation looked stormy for awhile, but wasn't our mayor a diplomat!

At the council meeting, Monday night, the mayor vetoed the little scheme that was put together for the purpose of allowing the fire marshal to collect a dollar from each man who should conclude to build a house in Decatur. This matter came up in the council a long while ago, was referred to some committee, in which it has been put through an almost everlasting process of incubation. When it first came up *The Review* remarked that it was an outrage, and the people in Decatur soon saw it in the same light. If the committee had followed the usual course, it would have reported on the resolution months ago. But it concluded to wait till the wind blew over, and then see if the dollar scheme would not be put through while the attention of the people was directed to some other matter. The mayor was good enough to fall onto this little scheme, and we are very thankful to him for doing so.

Just now the people of Decatur are taxed \$5 a day to keep a pavement inspector on the streets to chase away cold waves, in spite of the fact that one of these waves would be the best thing that could come along for the health of the entire community. On top of this was to be put on a tax of \$1 for building a house to keep out the rain and cold. With Capt. DeWitt C. Shockley fighting against cold waves at the city's gates, the committee felt that the houses were some sort of a misdemeanor that should be fined a small amount. Recent events have shown that they are the trusting places of bad burglars. And so it was thought well to charge a dollar for the privilege of inflicting one upon the peace and dignity of our people. The mayor couldn't see it that way, and one of his reasons was that the dollar was not intended to go in the direction of the public treasury. Now if any dollars in Decatur are to be sent out to hunt a resting place, they should be headed towards the city's treasury. We require as many as five a day to make a proper presentation to our greatness. So we will thank the mayor for looking after the pennies in this case. The pounds will be taken care of by an eminent captain whom we have engaged for that purpose.

But somebody misses a dollar he has long scented afar off, and the dividends that patriotism is expected to pass are becoming a trifle doubtful. For this unexpected innovation our thanks are again due.

GERMANY and Austria have fallen onto a couple of explosives that they think will enable them to paralyze the rest of the world in case of war. As it has been regarded the part of wisdom to prepare for war in the time of peace, would it not be well for our government to take some steps to keep up with the discoveries of the European soldiers? We want an explosive that will beat dynamite and smokeless gunpowder. Why not experiment with the alidavit. We already know that it will at least make such a noise as that before which the walls of Jericho fell.

GOOD FOR US ALL.

GOOD ADVICE TO USERS OF THE WEED.

Why Smoke Tenement House Cigars When You Can Get a Better Article Made at Home for the Same Money?—See that the Blue Label is on Every Box.

HALL OF CIGAR-MAKERS UNION NO. 20.
—To smokers of cigars and dealers of Decatur and vicinity: We, the members of Cigarmakers' Union No. 20, respectfully submit the subjoined statement of facts for your careful consideration, and trust that you will co-operate heartily with us in this matter. Our object is to induce the smokers and dealers to handle nothing but BLUE LABEL Union made cigars. At present only about one-fifth of the cigars consumed here are made here. This means a loss of between sixty and eighty thousand dollars a year in wages that would remain with us and help build up the business of Decatur, and it is a known fact that the prosperity of a community largely depends upon the steady employment of its citizens and the amount of wealth that is distributed each week or month in wages. When people generally are employed at good wages, it increases their power of consumption of useful and necessary articles, the beneficial effects of which are immediately felt in all branches of industry and trade. When people are idle or employed at low wages their power to consume is lessened and this, too, is felt in the trade of the community, and soon complaints are heard on every hand of dull trade, hard times, etc. At present a very large number of our dealers sell principally cheap cigars made outside of the state, in the tenement houses of New York, state prisons and from the cheap districts elsewhere, thus depriving many of us of employment, and compelling us to compete with this cheap work, which, if not checked, will have a further tendency to still further lower the standard of living. And as our earnings each week pass over the counters of the different business houses of our city, in exchange for such articles as are necessary to provide for the wants and comforts of life, the greater the earnings the greater will be the exchange. We therefore respectfully appeal to you for your sympathy and aid in furthering the cigar industry in this city, and to handle and smoke only such cigars as bear the blue label of the organization. Every 1,000 cigars consumed here but not made here means a loss of at least from \$15 to \$20 to the people of Decatur. Hoping you will give this your careful consideration, we once more respectfully and urgently request the smokers and dealers to reciprocate and give us your support by patronizing home industry and to smoke and sell union made cigars, i. e., those bearing the blue label of the C. M. I. U. of A., the only label for cigars now in use.

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and the NURSERY
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Woman's Industrial and Charitable Union. Office, North Park street, second door from Water. Mrs. M. A. Bradley secretary and agent.

Chancery Notice.
STATE OF ILLINOIS, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MACON.
In the Circuit Court, To The January term, A. D. 1890.
Nathan W. Cobb vs. Emma Cobb
Divorce.
Affidavit having been filed in the Office of the Clerk of said Macou County Circuit Court that the said Emma Cobb, defendant in the above entitled cause, on due inquiry can not be found, so that process can not be served upon her. And said cause having been commenced and summons issued thereon to the Clerk of said Macou County returnable to the January term A. D. 1890 of said Court, and said cause as above entitled being now pending in said Court.
Notice is hereby given to the said defendant Emma Cobb that unless she shall be and appear on the first day of the next term of said Court to be held at the Court House in the City of Decatur in said Macou County on the second Monday in the month of January A. D. 1890, and plead answer or demurrer to complainant's said bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein stated and set forth will be taken as true, and a decree rendered in accordance with the prayer thereof.
R. MCCELLAN, Clerk.
BUCKINGHAM & SCHROLL, Comp'te Sols.

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LAGARDERE,

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As produced with Immense Success at Niblo's Garden Theatre, New York City, 18 consecutive nights.

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See the Great Palace Jewels
See the Jolly Jester's Guards' Ballet.
See the Gypsy Revue.
See Kiralfy's Great Original Company.
Secure your seats in advance, as it is necessary. No extra charge for reserved seats.

Prices—\$1.00, 75c, 50c, and 25c. The sale of seats will begin at the Grand Opera House Tuesday Morning, December 17.

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200 SOUTH BROADWAY

NEW YORK'S BLOCKADES.

FOR DAYS BROADWAY WAS ALMOST IMPASSABLE BECAUSE OF THEM.

The Electric Subway Trenches Caused the Trouble, and Tradesmen Complained That Business Was Seriously Affected. The Street Filled with Stalled Vehicles.

Street blockades are not at all unusual in New York city, but the town has recently undergone an experience in that line which surpasses all others. More than a year ago the edict went forth that all electric wires must be taken from the poles and buried. The work was entrusted to the Consolidated Telegraph and Electrical Subway company, and the wires were slowly being put underground when, a month or two ago, a series of particularly frightful tragedies caused by the wires began. These greatly aroused public indignation, and the Subway company was compelled to cease its procrastination and begin work in earnest.

This, of course, necessitated the tearing up of the streets, but all went well until Broadway was reached. Notwithstanding its name, and the fact that it is the principal business thoroughfare of the metropolis of Yankeland, Broadway is not a particularly wide street. The volume of traffic is simply enormous, however. There are in the neighborhood of four hundred street cars in motion on Broadway during the busiest hours, and thirty-seven vehicles of other kinds passed the corner of Fulton street during ten minutes, while the writer stood there the other day.



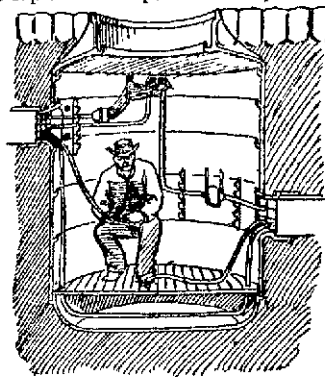
CORNER OF FULTON AND BROADWAY DURING A BLOCKADE.

With the first stroke of a pick by the subway workmen the trouble began. Great piles of dirt and paving stones rose on each side of the trench dug on one side of the street, and in a few hours that part of the roadway between one curb and the street car track was impassable for vehicles. Nor were the big pyramids of debris confined to the roadway. The sidewalks, too, were encroached upon to such an extent that it was almost impossible to get to the doors of many stores. As it was during the busiest part of the year the tradesmen complained bitterly of this state of affairs; but there was no help for it.

This nuisance continued in various parts of the street for more than a week, and the blockades that resulted were almost constant, and sometimes took in two squares at a time. Occasionally they even extended down the side streets. Chambers street being blocked one day for half an hour from Broadway almost to the North river. The following gives a good idea of how the blockades started:

At the corner of Fulton street and Broadway was a pile of earth and paving stones fully four feet high. On the top of this pile perched a policeman who by gestulating and yelling was endeavoring to keep the line of trucks and street cars moving. An old lady ventured timidly from the sidewalk and the policeman descended from the pile of dirt to pilot her. They did not get very far, however. An up-going street car got stuck directly in front of them and right across the narrow opening between the piles of debris. A truck which was following close behind the street car had to pull up short.

In order to avoid running the great pole of the truck through the rear end of the car the driver turned his horses out toward the down track. This stopped a car on that track, and the long line of other cars and loaded trucks behind it had to come to a standstill. One or two drivers tried to get out of the jam by driving around the obstructions, and, getting in each other's way, made things a hundred times worse. This blockade lasted eighteen minutes, and a view from the top of the heap, where the policeman



A SUBWAY MANHOLE.

stationed himself, showed a line of stalled street cars and trucks reaching downward to below Trinity church (four and one-half blocks), and upward to the triangular open space in front of the post-office. The accompanying picture gives a good idea of how things looked during this blockade.

The subways which caused all this commotion are said to be the best yet invented. They consist of a series of wooden conduits in which the wires are laid, and which open, at intervals, into "manholes," where the wires may be tapped or new ones introduced. A picture is given of a section of one of the manholes, with a man at work in it splicing a cable. These cables consist of twelve or more wires perfectly insulated from each other.

VICTIMS OF THE FLAMES.

Eight Men Who Met Death at Boston and Minneapolis.

A fireman is a soldier whose business it is to face death often with as great risk as if he were engaged in taking a battery. Now and then a fire occurs which brings home to those who regard the fireman's avocation as an ordinary one the fact of the fearful risk he runs. The death roll at the Boston fire is a case in point. In this conflagration a number of brave men went to their death in the discharge of their hazardous duty.



MICHAEL MURNAN. FRANK P. LOKER. DANIEL J. BUCKLEY. JOHN J. BROOKS, JR. There was Michael Murnan, and Frank P. Loker, and Daniel J. Buckley, and John J. Brooks, Jr., all young men in the prime and vigor of life. Murnan was a Bostonian, born in 1855; Loker, a Texan, born in 1856; Buckley, a Bostonian, born in 1858, and Brooks, a Bostonian, born in 1862.

In Minneapolis men without the ranks of the firemen, some of them prominent, met death at the burning of The Minneapolis Tribune building. There was Milton Pickett, assistant city editor of The Pioneer Press. A graduate of Harvard, he entered the service of the paper in 1882, and served to the night of his death.

James Iggoe, night operator of the Associated Press, who was killed by a fall from the telegraph wire, by which he was trying to escape, had always been a telegraph operator. He worked The St. Paul Globe's special wire to Chicago for some time, and was for a while Chamber of Commerce manager in Minneapolis for the North American Telegraph company. Several years ago he entered the service of the Associated Press.

Dr. Edward Olsen, who was also killed, was well known as an educator. Born in 1848, he moved to Wisconsin, studied at Beloit college, the University of Chicago, at Halle, Gottingen and Paris. Then he became professor of modern languages at the University of Chicago, after which he became president of the Dakota university. He was noted for his strength of mind and his great learning.



W. H. MILLMAN. JAMES IGGOE. MILTON PICKETT.

William H. Millman, another victim, was the commercial editor of The Minneapolis Tribune. He entered The Tribune service as compositor, and when the market record was established he was put in charge of it. Only last November his wife died an accidental death from asphyxiation.

Minister from Brazil.

Senor I. G. do Amaral Valente, who had the honor of representing the empire of Brazil, and now represents the republican government of the United States of Brazil, at Washington as special envoy and envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the United States, and also delegate to the Pan-American congress, is an experienced diplomat and statesman. From the age of manhood until the present time he has been continuously in the diplomatic service of Brazil, and has acquired himself with credit to his country and his own good name. He is still quite a young man to occupy such a high position.

He was born in the province of Ceara in 1844, and is therefore only in his 45th year. He received his first schooling in his native province (now state), Ceara and Pernambuco, and later on was sent to Germany and England to finish his education, concluding with a course of common and international law with a view to becoming a diplomat.

Senor Valente was appointed to a diplomatic position in January, 1889, and sent to Bolivia as attaché of the Brazilian legation, from there as secretary to Uruguay, and afterward to Paraguay, from which he was promoted to Venezuela as charge d'affaires. From 1891 to 1896 he was charge d'affaires to the United States, with the exception of three months' leave of absence. He was next promoted from charge d'affaires to that of minister resident to Bolivia, from which position he was gazetted to the United States as envoy, minister, etc., as above stated.



VALENTE.

FOR ONE DAY OF REST.

THE RECENT CONVENTION OF THE AMERICAN SABBATH UNION.

What the Organization Has Done and Is Doing—The District of Columbia the Only Place in the United States Where Sunday Is Not Recognized by Law.

The American Sabbath union, which has just held its first anniversary in New York, originated, as its documents state, in a petition circulated by Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts, in 1888, among the officers of the few local Sabbath associations then in existence, and other friends of Sunday rest. The petition requested the Methodist general conference to appoint a score of charter members, and to ask other denominations to do likewise. The petition was granted. Lutherans, Presbyterians of five kinds, including two in the south, Baptists of both sections, and the Reformed (Dutch) church joined the movement. The charter members from all these denominations organized the American Sabbath union, which is therefore a home missionary society, not of one but of many churches, to prevent the heathenizing of a Christian land, which is surely quite as important as Christianizing a heathen land.

The charter members report to the supreme councils of their own denominations, and the Union thus receives annual investigation. Col. Elliott F. Shepard, who had previously given \$5,000 for the work of the first year, became the first president, with Rev. J. H. Knowles as general secretary, and Rev. Wilbur F. Crafts as field secretary. The work of the former has been chiefly correspondence and the editing of a weekly "Pearl of Days" column in The New York Mail and Express. The field secretary, who is often called "the field marshal," has traveled a distance equal to a journey round the world and then through it, speaking in the chief cities of thirty-nine states and territories, an average of six times per week. As a sort of divining rod he carries an ancient oriental saw, which works only on the back stroke, which he brought from Nazareth, a saw such as Jesus is supposed to have used when he toiled as a workman at his trade.

Speaking recently at Scranton, with T. V. Powderly in the chair, Mr. Crafts called the saw an "ancient badge of knighthood in labor." "No one," he said, "who knows and honors the story of Christ can ever despise honest toil in himself or in any other man. Surely the church that was founded by a carpenter ought never to be out of sympathy with the real interests of workingmen, chief of which is the preservation of one unbroken day in every week for rest and home and, to those who wish it, culture of conscience." The saw represents the co-operation of labor organizations with the American Sabbath union in the Sunday rest movement. In connection with addresses by the field secretary, the Central Labor Union of New York city, the Knights of Labor, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and other labor organizations have indorsed the union's petition to congress for a Sunday rest law for postmen and others under the jurisdiction of congress—not the Blair bill, but some law in the same line. Cardinal Gibbons and more recently the Catholic congress have joined hands with the union in so much of its work as relates to the civil Sabbath. The Woman's Christian Temperance union has been the best ally of all in this fight against Sunday work.

The reports presented in the recent convention showed that the great petition and the wide agitation had not been without result. Mr. P. M. Arthur was quoted as estimating that at least 75,000 railroad men had gained their "home day" by the reduction of Sunday trains on a score of roads during the last year. But 800,000 remain in this branch of Sunday work. Nearly all of the 150,000 in the postal service, also, do more or less of Sunday work. Other branches of business, it was shown, carry up the total of those engaged in Sunday work in the United States, in addition to those whose work is that of mercy or necessity, to 3,000,000. Counting their families, there are at least 10,000,000 whose "home day" is broken up by unnecessary Sunday work. This was presented as a wide field for the humanitarian and labor reformer, as well as for the Christian and the legislator.

The convention gave earnest attention to this part of the problem, and representatives of the letter carriers, Knights of Labor and other similar organizations spoke by invitation. The methods by which various cities have secured more restful Sundays were graphically told by speakers from those cities. The fact was emphasized that barbers, bakers, laundries, photographers and others, apart from all religious questions, have in recent months undertaken in many cities to secure Sunday rest for themselves by getting most of the trade to close by agreement, and then closing up by law the few who refuse to join in the movement for the general good.

Great emphasis was put on the fact that the District of Columbia is the only spot in the civilized world except France and "French California" that has no Sunday law. The only person now protected in his right to the weekly rest, and in his corresponding rights of conscience, by United States law is the president. He has a monopoly of the Sunday rest. He has "ten days (Sundays excepted)" to consider every bill sent to him by congress. That parenthesis, "Sundays excepted," which protects him, is an acronym that the American Sabbath union claims should be allowed by congress to "grow into the wide spreading oak of the Sunday rest law, under whose shadow, with the president, all others, under the jurisdiction of congress should also enjoy their Sunday rest."

IN FAR CATHAY.

It daily meets my dreamy eyes,
That old world scene by farthest seas,
And all unchanged; the water sails
Still in that bay, and still the breeze
Sings low, sweet songs amid the trees.

Here stands a house—no, a haunt, shadowed o'er
By clustering branches; wavelets fill
The river whirling near the door.
That white path meets the threshold still,
And birds chirp love with bill to bill.

That rude old bridge still spans the stream,
The passer few are passing yet;
The boat is there—it doth moor,
The oars sleep—mayhap forgot—
For 'twas a sail since furled or set.

The bay spreads out—clear, placid, bright—
A summer sea fringed round with green;
Afar some isle, mayhap, in sight
Rising from out its breast is seen.
And houses mirror in its sheen.

And all is still—no voice, nor song,
Comes the enjoyment to abate
Of that fair scene—fair, though a wrong
It tells—(of lover—father's hate)—
Upon a willow patterned plate.

—Detroit Free Press.

Revolution in Printing.

To the Man About Town an old printer remarked the other day: "We are on the eve of a great revolution in the typographical appearance of printed matter, especially newspapers, that is, the use of black paper printed in white letters, instead of white paper printed in black letters, as now. The change is one to be desired by the public, for the reason that a white letter on a black ground possesses greater contrast and distinctness, and is, consequently, easier on the eyes. The change will give at first an odd enough appearance to printed matter, but the merit of it will eventually result in its general adoption, and in time the black letter will be as rare as the white letter now is. Sign painters and show card printers recognize the superiority of the white letter, and are rapidly adopting it, as is evidenced by the numerous white lettered signs now to be seen on the streets and in the shops. The change would be comparatively inexpensive to publishers, and as black is cheaper than white paper, a saving could be effected. With our newspapers thus printed reading on cars and in dimly lighted places would be not only practicable, but easy."—St. Louis Republic.

Proposal of a Madman.

When Lee, the poet, was confined in Bedlam, a friend went to visit him, and finding he could converse reasonably, imagined that he was cured of his madness. The poet offered to show him Bedlam. They went over this melancholy prison, Lee moralizing philosophically enough all the time, to keep his companion perfectly at ease. At length they ascended to the top of the building, and as they were both looking down from the perilous height, Lee saved his friend by the arm, and exclaimed: "Let us immortalize ourselves; let us take this leap. We'll jump down together this instant." "Any man could jump down (said his friend coolly); we should not immortalize ourselves by this leap, but let us go down, and try if we can jump up again." The madman, struck with the idea of a more astonishing leap than that which he had himself proposed, yielded to this new impulse, and his friend rejoiced to see him run down stairs full of a new project for securing immortality. It is needless to say they did not again ascend together.—Montreal Star.

Composition of Coffee.

Coffee is the seed of the coffee plant, which is a shrub that will grow in any part of the world where the minimum yearly temperature never falls below 65 degs. Fahrenheit. One pound of unroasted coffee beans or seeds contains: Of water, 1 oz. 407 grs.; of sugar, 1 oz. 17 grs.; of fat, 1 oz. 402 grs.; of caseine (flesh forming matter), 2 oz. 35 grs.; of gum, 1 oz. 192 grs.; of woody matter, 5 oz. 262 grs.; of caffeine and caffeine acid (or stimulating principles), 400 grs.; of aromatic or odoriferous oil, about 2 grs., and of mineral matters, about 1 oz. 134 grs. The caffeine of coffee is exactly the same, both chemically and physically, as theine, the stimulating principle of tea. Both substances are alike composed of 10 parts of hydrogen combined with 16 parts of carbon, 4 parts of nitrogen, 4 parts of oxygen and 2 parts of water.—Grocers' World.

The New Waiter.

"This coffee is so poor I can't drink it," said the guest.
"Just shut your eyes, put it out of sight, and don't say anything about it," was the reply of the new waiter, who was a humorist.

The guest did not make any reply, but when he came to pay he handed over to the proprietor of the establishment a solitary cent.

"Where's the rest of the money?"
"Just shut your eyes, put it out of sight, and don't say anything more about it. That is what your new waiter told me when I said the coffee was weak."

The new waiter tendered his resignation.—New York News.

Teaching Dancing.

I differ with the professor who thinks that he can teach pupils the art of dancing by mail, using printed instructions. No person will ever become a dancer by that mode of instruction. You might as well try to learn the shoemaking trade in a similar way. Many pupils who wish to acquire the art of dancing are quite shy at first, and the bashfulness can only be overcome by going into company. Good instruction and plenty of practice is required to learn dancing, and no one will ever become an adept in the art who follows instructions sent by mail.—Dancing Master in St. Louis Globe Democrat.

Jinks' Mistake.

Blinks—What? Can't keep your engagement with me?
Jinks (sadly)—No, I can't. I was drawn on a jury this week, and couldn't get out of it.

"Did you try?"
"Indeed I did. I did my best to make myself out to be a hopeless ignoramus, but they wouldn't let me go."

"Great Scott, man! The way to escape jury duty is to act as if you knew something."—New York Weekly.

B. STINE,

—THE—

BOSS CLOTHIER.

We have eclipsed all previous efforts in our Twenty-three Years' Experience of our successful career in the Clothing Business, in placing before the Public for this Fall and Winter the largest and most complete line of new

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

ever shown in Decatur. Our Men's, Young Men's and Boys' Clothing will be distinguished from ordinary ready-made Clothing, not only by the superior Fit, Style and Finish so long noticeable in our garments, but also by our Extremely Low Prices for superior made goods.

Decatur's Leading Clothier,

B. Stine.

—BUY—

PIANOS!

—AND—

ORGANS

NOW WHILE YOU CAN GET THE
LOWEST PRICES.

The Largest Stock and the Finest Instruments ever shown in the city. The

YVERS & POND

Pianos, with the new "Soft-top," will please you. The New Style
MILLER ORGAN

Leads in Good Organs.
500

Sold in Macon County. All while my Stock is complete.

S.M. LUTZ,

DECATUR, ILL.

Special Sale at Special Prices for Holiday Trade.

Every thing Cheap and as good as Money will buy. Tuesday Morning will put on sale 100 Trimmed Hats worth up to \$4.00 take your choice at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Untrimmed Felt hats worth \$2.00 now \$1.50, Untrimmed Felt hats worth \$1.00 and \$1.25 now 75c, Plush Caps, Hoods, Fascinators, broad brim Universal hats, Fur Beaver and our entire stock of choice goods and all orders at greatly reduced rates. Now is the best time to buy. First choice the best. Respectfully,

S. G. HATCH & BRO., 143 E. MAIN STREET.



J. Wilhelm's SHAVING PARLOR.
103 East Main Street.
Opp. St. Nicholas Hotel. Decatur, Ill.
Ladies' and Children's Hair Cut in the Latest Style.
J. Wilhelm's Cream for the Hands and Face.

BOOK BINDING.
Practical Book Binding and blank book manufacturing. 137 South Water street, Decatur, Ill. Magazines bound, names stamped—gold on books, pocket-books, memoranda books, toilet cases, etc. I make telescopes boxes and any kind of parchment boxes or any size.

FOR MEN ONLY!
A POSITIVE CURE FOR GONORRHEA AND NEURALGIA. DEBILITY, WEAKNESS OF BODY AND MIND; AND ALL TROUBLES ARISING FROM EARLY INDISCRETIONS. Substantially Fully Restored. Absolutely Restoring. BRITISH—Beneficial in a day. Has been used for 47 years. Terrific and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proof mailed (sealed) free. Write ERIC MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

MORNING REVIEW

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1899.

GENERAL AND PERSONAL.

Mayor Kanan went to Chicago last night. Mr. and Mrs. James Mulikin are in Chicago.

R. L. Peake is confined to his home by illness.

Mrs. Martha Rothfuss is visiting in Mt. Pleasant.

Mrs. C. R. Head has returned from a visit to Toledo.

There are now 49 paupers on the county poor farm.

L. K. Anderson, of Taylorville, is visiting in this city.

D. H. Anderson left for Anderson, Ind., last evening.

F. M. Baker, of Milwaukie, is visiting Decatur friends.

Mrs. W. B. Chambers returned yesterday from Mendota.

Ed J. Bevers was in Decatur, yesterday from La Place.

Sherman Riggs, of Chicago, is visiting relatives in Decatur.

Durham Post, G. A. R. held its regular meeting last night.

Col. Cornhus Lockwood, of Argenta, is in Decatur on business.

Mrs. Dr. Catto has returned home after a visit near London, Ont.

Miss Pearl Pinkard, of Monticello, is visiting friends in Decatur.

St. Johnson, of Lodge, is in town laying up treasures for Christmas.

Charles Daly, of St. Louis, is visiting his brother, Daniel, in this city.

S. A. Bumstead, who formerly lived at Carleton, Ill., is in Decatur.

Bert Garland and Brad Ryland, of St. Louis, are visiting Decatur friends.

Conductor Horace Morgan is still quite ill, and Mrs. Morgan is seriously so.

Walter Scott, who has been visiting at Bethany for sometime, has returned home.

There will be more "ohs" than toes in the children's stockings this time next week.

Miss Ida E. Vosburgh returned yesterday to her home at Lincoln after a visit in Decatur.

Ask D. A. Barrackman to tell you his early experiences. He should have been a novelist.

Will Pritchett and wife and Mrs. Will Jones, of Niantic, were visitors yesterday to Decatur.

Miss Anna Grant returned yesterday from Quincy, where she has been visiting the past week.

Miss Nellie Stevenson has returned home from Danville, where she has been visiting for several days.

The banks in the city closed yesterday out of respect for the memory of the late William M. Boyd.

Mrs. J. B. Stevens and Mrs. Dr. Weyl left yesterday for West Salem, Ark., where they will visit a week.

Mrs. J. G. Holderman has returned to her home at Bethany, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Shimpson.

Mrs. Elizabeth Zittel, of Pennsylvania, is a guest of Isaac Shullbarger. She has been visiting in Missouri.

Mrs. Mary Gladwell, who has been visiting relatives and friends at Humboldt, Mo., returned home yesterday.

Edward Patterson has gone to Chicago for a few days visit previous to departing for his home in Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Ichabod Baldwin is reported to be in a slightly improved condition, and her physicians have hopes for her recovery.

John L. Riggin, of Dalton City, has been granted a pension of \$20 a month, and he is happy, as becomes a warrior thereat.

Little Nattie, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Robinson, is very sick with lung fever at her home, 404 West Cerro Gordo street.

Mrs. A. F. Ross left yesterday evening for Mt. Vernon, Ill., where she was called by the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. J. J. Miller.

H. C. McNamee and Ferd Knapp, aldermen at Bement, M. O. Curry and W. P. Smith, of Monticello, were visitors yesterday to Decatur.

Col. N. A. White, of the Central house, who has been very sick for some months, is but little better. He seems to be failing mentally faster than physically. His friends fear that he will never get well.

Workmen have taken about 100 feet of pipe out of the gas well, but have had to suspend operations until the weather becomes better. There are about 1,100 feet of pipe still remaining in the well.

Birthday Party.

A most enjoyable social affair was the birthday party given to Mrs. L. C. Pugh at 809 North Main street, yesterday afternoon, by her daughter, Miss John Smith.

The occasion was the 75th anniversary of Mrs. Pugh, and many and costly were the presents showered upon her by her friends, but they were not more numerous, or precious, or given with more sincerity than were the congratulations which were heard on all sides.

A splendid dinner, to which all did full justice, was served at 3 o'clock and the balance of the evening was given up to social converse, to reminiscent talk and to a good time generally. The following persons participated in making the occasion a success:

Mrs. P. B. Siewilham and Mrs. Gilman and her daughters, Misses Belle and Maude Gilman, of Ft. Scott, Kan.; Mrs. B. G. Pugh and Fred Pugh, Waverly, Ill.; Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Miller, J. R. Gorin and wife, G. W. Bright and wife, D. H. Holman and wife, John Imboden and wife, O. B. Gorin and wife, W. C. Armstrong and wife, James and Mrs. Thomas, W. E. and Mrs. Hubbard; Mesdames M. M. Lowry, Carrie Griswold, A. Powers, E. C. Roach and J. H. Sears; Misses Maggie Newman, May Lowry and Gertrude Griswold, and Messrs. J. W. and S. P. Lowry.


A Broken Limb.

Officer Leech received the news last night that his aunt, Mrs. Oliver Lozan, had fallen and broken her limbs, at her home near Elwin. He got no particulars.

A Party.

Miss Bertie Scott entertained about 20 of her friends with a card party Monday night. Supper was served at 11.

NOW FOR THE HOLIDAYS!



I am ready and have the goods to show you

WATCHES.


I have the **FINEST STOCK** in the city. Can give you any priced watch you want to buy.

CLOCKS.

I carry the finest made. The Imported Fifteen-day Onyx Clock and the Ansonia Silver and Bronze. Can sell you any priced clock you want. Also Jewelry, Opera Glasses, Knives, Forks, Tea and Table Spoons, Button Hooks, Glove Hooks, Match Boxes and Bon Bon Boxes, etc.

DIAMONDS. DIAMONDS.

I have the Largest and Most Complete Stock; call and see them. All goods warranted as represented and no trouble to show them to you.



6 1/2 SIZE

E. J. HARPSTRITE, THE JEWELER

146 EAST PRAIRIE STREET, EAST OF POSTOFFICE.

WILL BE ACCEPTED TO-DAY.

The Thomson-Houston Plant Satisfies the Citizens Company.

The Citizens Electric Street Railway company will to-day formally accept the electric plant and equipment furnished by the Thomson-Houston company. The Citizens company is entirely satisfied with the equipment, and will have no fault to find when the final settlement is made to-day. The road has been run for several months, and not the slightest difficulty has been experienced. One or two unimportant accidents have occurred, but they were trifling when contrasted with the success of the system and the satisfaction it has given.

Theodore P. Bailey, general western agent of the Thomson-Houston company, arrived in the city last night and met Manager Ferguson and D. S. Shullbarger of the Citizens company. He visited the car and power houses, and to-day he will make a general inspection of the whole line. He stated that nowhere in the country are there better arranged houses or a finer equipped line. The people of Decatur are ready to agree with Mr. Bailey. The cars are certainly the finest that run on any street railway, and the track, though not perfect now, is entirely so in that part rebuilt, and it will all be rebuilt next season.

The new vestibuled palace car is expected to arrive from St. Louis this morning. It was promised by the 15th of December, and by the contract the manufacturers are bound to forfeit \$10 for every day after that date that it is not here. Two days have passed already, and it is not likely that many more will be allowed to go by. When it is on the track the company will have nine motor cars, all first-class. It is expected that two more will be needed within six months.

Mr. Bailey represented his company when the first negotiations were begun, and conducted them throughout, so that naturally he sees the final settlement come so satisfactorily with a great deal of pleasure. It is not everyday, by the way, that a transaction involving a sum near \$50,000 is made.

A Gutting Spectacle.

"Lagardere," which will be given at the opera house to-morrow night, and for which the sale of seats has already begun, is thus described by a New York paper:

"'Lagardere,' the Hunchback of Paris, is an enormous success at Niblo's, where it is drawing large and enthusiastic audiences. The piece is a magnificent spectacle of handsome scenery, brilliant costumes and pretty women, and the most elaborate pageant ever seen on a local stage. Mr. Kralffy has made his mark in this production and fully deserves all the success that he has achieved. His new grand ballet, 'The Seven Ages,' is a marvel of beauty, color and artistic grouping, the like of which will not again be seen in a long time. To-morrow night 'Lagardere' enters on the sixth week of its run, and the demand for seats continues unabated."

Union Evangelical Work.

The Pastors' association held an adjourned meeting yesterday and decided to make an effort to get Rev. E. Pay Mills, of Boston, to come here in March and conduct a union evangelical series of meetings, in which all the churches in the city can join. Correspondence with him has already begun. Mr. Mills is one of the most successful and most prominent evangelists in the country, and has had wonderful success in the east.

Death at Illiopolis.

Smalley Davis, a well known citizen of Illiopolis, died at his home there Monday morning, as the result of a stroke of paralysis a week ago. He was about 60 years old and had lived for many years at Illiopolis. He was unmarried and lived with his sister, who was also single. He owned an 80-acre farm and some property in the village in which he lived.

New Officers.

The Presbyterian Society of Christian Endeavor elected new officers Monday night, with the following result:

President—E. A. West.
Vice-President—Miss Lilly Chadsey.
Secretary—Arthur Dumont.
Treasurer—Charles Roe.

Public Installation.

The newly elected officers of the York Masons were publicly installed last night at the A. M. E. church, and the ceremony was witnessed by a large assemblage of friends and brother members of the officers. The exercises were of an imposing character.

Matched.

John Linehart, Emery.....29
Miss Minnie B. Williams, Austin tp.....19
William Hoaglin, Austin tp.....34
Miss Kate Williams, Austin tp.....19
Henry J. Carroll, Maroa.....27
Miss Cordia Bennett, Maroa.....

Memorial Service.

The Uniformed rank, Knights of Pythias, will have a memorial service next Sunday in honor of the founder and commander of the order, Justus H. Rathburn. The hall of the order is now draped with the flag of the order enveloped in crepe.

A Correction.

The name of Rev. P. J. Mackin, who was elected Spiritual Director of St. Patrick's Branch 464, C. K. of A., was unintentionally omitted in yesterday's report of the election of officers of that branch.

Stray Scraps.

Some of the property found in the possession of Charles Brown, the burglar, is still unclaimed and awaits an owner at Marshal Mason's office.

There is one thing can be said in favor of this weather: No one can complain of being choked with dust.

The Herald evidently puts its faith on the truth of the fable of the "Tortoise and Hare." The other papers published an account of the marriage of Madge Smith and Charles Cain a week ago. Sunday The Herald said this news on the part of the other papers was premature, and yesterday it too announces the marriage. The Herald is going to have this thing right if it takes all winter, and it has to change its accounts daily.

The show windows in the large stores in this city are things of beauty, now that they are filled with holiday goods.

By casting your optics daily over the list of real estate transfers in this city, you can readily perceive the healthy condition of that market.

The wire supporting the safety gates at the Eldorado street crossing of the Central, broke yesterday, and Watchman William Ryan took the track with the danger flag in his hand and kept all comers out of danger.

Poll Pickings.

William Douglas and Jim Johnson were each fined \$3 and costs yesterday by Justice Provost, for being drunk and disorderly.

Two plain drunks were run in last night, one by Officer Leech and one by Officers Hoy and Koeppe.

William Martin forfeited his \$1 security on the charge of disorderly conduct, and \$12 on the charge of carrying concealed weapons, before Justice Provost.

W. I. Murray, the Estey Organ embezzler, again secured a continuance until the 19, before Squire Stevens.

"Lib" Davis, the "Madame" of Idlewild, was fined \$25 and costs by Justice Curtis yesterday, and the three girls arrested with her were fined \$15 and costs.

The hoodlums for whose arrest Mrs. Ollie Battoker swore out a warrant yesterday before Justice Provost, have not yet been captured, but they have suspended operations for awhile.

Interesting Pets.

A few days ago a farmer took a grain bag into the saloon of O. W. Kneale and told him that it contained two fine young coons that could be brought up to be gentle and interesting pets. Mr. Kneale concluded that two young coons were just what he wanted, paid the man his price, and then took his pets out in the back yard to look at them. He turned the sack upside down and the coons tumbled out on the ground. They lit on their feet and they "lit a bonfire," and so far as Mr. Kneale knows, they are going yet. He had the satisfaction of seeing \$1.50 vanish over the fence.

A Calculator.

C. Kopp, of Bloomington, was in the city yesterday to make arrangements for introducing his commercial calculator, a valuable and handy little work that helps any one in the use of figures. It has many tables for finding interest, weight and value of any number of bushels at a given price, short methods, rules, and a dozen other things that men want to know in a hurry. It is more condensed than an arithmetic and fully as comprehensive. Mr. Kopp may be addressed at Bloomington.

Boys Brought Back.

Constable Harry Midkiff arrived in the city last night with Guy Conkila and Fred Depew in tow. They are the lads who left home rather than have anything further to do with the Marietta street school. The officer sent messages to watch for them the whole length of the St. Louis line of the Wabash, and then went himself. He found the boys at Worden, a short distance this side of Edwardsville. They slept in a box car Monday night, and since leaving home had subsisted on cheese and crackers. They looked demoralized.

Shooting Match.

The Hercules Wing Shot club and the Bow and Arrow club were to shoot 400 birds last Saturday near Elwin, but the latter club had no ammunition and did not appear. The members of the Wing Shot club then shot the birds. L. Jacobs made the best record. Charles Nebo and Willis Bundy made a tie, and in shooting off Nebo made second best record. A large crowd was present.

Supervisors Meet.

The board of supervisors met yesterday afternoon in regular session, all members being present, and a resolution was offered and carried to adjourn, out of respect to the memory of Ex-County Treasurer Boyd. They will meet this morning at 9 o'clock.

A Success.

The fair given by the new church aid society of the Presbyterian church, in the library block, last night, was largely attended last night and profitable. At supper the ladies disposed of everything they had prepared. The same was true of the candy tables. A large sum will be realized.

TRACK AND TRAIN.

When did the circus start?
Rex Whitehurst went to Evanville yesterday.

Frank Gogerty left for the Springfield hospital yesterday.

Paymaster Reed, of the Central, was in the city yesterday.

Operator Thiel, of Patoka, is now working nights at the Junction.

J. C. Jacobs, division superintendent of the T. C., went north yesterday.

O. E. Hopkins, general passenger agent of the P. D. & E., is in the city.

J. E. Lazarus, general manager of the L. D. & W., was in Decatur last night.

N. B. Patterson, P. D. & E. paymaster, was in Decatur yesterday on his way to Chicago.

Railroads have so many ties binding them to a country, that they cannot be other than patriotic.

Conductor Will Mosher, of the T. H. & P., is laying off, and Ed Keim has taken his run on the west end local.

The boys are talking of organizing a minstrel troupe with John Daly, Jr., as manager. John is a regular bird.

Conductor Billy Quinn, who has been laying off for some time on account of a sore hand, will resume work to-day.

G. B. Russell, Wash yardmaster at Danville, has resigned to accept a more lucrative position on the Pittsburg & Western road.

Operator Kribble, at the Junction, has secured a layoff and has gone to Lexington, the wires whisper to marry one of the fair maidens in that town.

C. G. Darwin is now general representative of the L. D. & W. at one of the line. He frequently makes business trips to cities west of Decatur.

C. E. Hollis, one of the best men on the L. D. & W., has resigned his position as operator at Christiana, and F. M. McDaniel has been sent to take his place.

James Koely, the Wabash switchman, went to Chicago Tuesday night. He will be married on Dec. 24th to Miss Russell, at Knoxville, Tenn. She used to live here.

Supt. Gould, of the Wabash, yesterday wired the general superintendent that the man who wrecked the express train at Kellards, Ind., Oct. 24, had been arrested and had fully confessed.

Some of the railroad "of the state" are talking of putting steam "one" engines on trucks so that they can be transported rapidly from one point to another along the line where fire originates from sparks on any other cause.

There are 315 acres in the stock yards at Chicago, 280 acres being in pens. They have 50 miles of drainage, 7 miles of streets and alleys, 7 miles of water and 20 miles of feed troughs. There are about 100 miles of railroad tracks in the stock yards.

The largest auxiliary car service association yet formed is the Indiana Car Service association, with headquarters at Indianapolis. The Indiana association includes 22 roads and 45 of the principal points within a radius of 75 to 100 miles from Indianapolis.

Conductor Bennett, of No. 1, L. D. & W., had his \$5 silver plated lantern stolen yesterday at Murdock and grieved greatly thereat, but his joy was great last night when he was informed that the Murdock agent had recovered his treasure.

During the month of November the gross earnings of the Wabash were \$1,140,440, an increase of \$71,397 over the same month in 1898. The earnings of the L. D. & W. were \$20,225, an increase of 2,663, and the earnings of the P. D. & E. were \$53,150, an increase of \$82.

L. N. Luppenthal, chief train dispatcher of the L. D. & W., was stricken with what is known as operator's paralysis last Sunday, but with the energy characteristic of him, he is still telegraphing night and day with his left hand the same as if he were born that way.

Chicago Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1:15 p. m. yesterday, received by G. C. Caldwell, secretary Decatur Grain Co.:

WHEAT—Dec. 70 1/2; Jan. 77 1/2; May, 81 1/2.
CORN—Dec., 31 1/2; Jan., 31 1/2; May, 33 1/2.
OATS—Dec., 20 1/2; Jan., 20 1/2; May, 22 1/2.
POULTRY—Jan., \$9.25; Feb., \$9.00; May, \$9.05.
LARD—Jan. \$1.87; Feb., \$1.87; May, \$6.00.
RICE—Jan., \$4.70; Feb., \$1.70; May, \$4.90.

ESTIMATED PRODUCE:

Live Stock—Hogs, 30,000; market steady.
Cattle, 8,000; market strong.
Grain—Car Lots—Winter Wheat, 20; Spring Wheat, 100; Corn, 300; Oats, 214.

He Is Dead.

Evart Thresher, the man who was wounded by farmer Fitzpatrick at Atwood a week ago, died yesterday at 10 o'clock p. m. Fitzpatrick, who was out on bonds, was at once arrested and will have his trial to-morrow.

Pure buckwheat flour in bulk at W. C. Webster & Co.'s, 217 North Main street.

THEY WILL NOT TALK.

The Jury in the Cronin Trial Non-Committal.

REPORTORIAL GENIUS EXHAUSTED,

And Still Not One of the Twelve Men Will Give Away the Secrets of the Jury Room.—The Unpleasant Experience of Juror Culver After He Was Discharged.—Newspaper Comment and Individual Opinion on the Verdict.

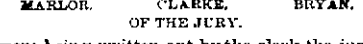
CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—When the jury in the famous Cronin trial had been discharged by Judge McConnell, after rendering their verdict, they were marshaled into the clerk's office, where they were to receive the last vouchers for their pay, and while the same



WALKER, MARJOR.



NORTH, CLARKE.



HAIL, BRYAN.

were being written out by the clerk the jury members were besieged and questioned. Every stragem of reportorial genius was exhausted, but the twelve men presented a solemn and solid front and refused to give up the details of the debate. Compliments to their inimitable delicacy of acumen softly and tenderly put; oily flattery delicately administered and soothingly applied; broad intimations as to public condemnation of their refusal to tell the tale made as diplomatically as the insinuations of a Machiavelli; and with the subtlety of a Napoleon—all rattled off the imperturbability of these twelve men as harmless as hall-stones of the steel casque of a medieval fire-eater. But as hall-stones, if continuous, could give a knight the headache, so at last the jurors weakened under the veritable torrent that fell on them, and at last spoke.

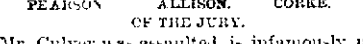
No Unpleasantness Occurred. "I can't tell you the whole history of this business," said Foreman Clarke, "because it is too long and we have agreed not to talk." "What about the statement that Mr. Culver was a scoundrel and knocked down by one of the jury?" "That is not true. There was no unpleasantness whatever in our discussions, and everything was conducted in an orderly and gentlemanly manner. Any statement that



CULVER, PEABODY.



DIX, ALLISON.



BOUTEQUIN, CORRIE.

Mr. Culver was assaulted is infamously untrue and the man who spread such a story ought to be punished some way. We will not discuss our deliberations. We had to consider evidence that took three months to introduce, and I think we reached a conclusion very quickly. We took two hours less than Mr. Forrest took with his speech. As to any criticism that was made during the time we were out we will say nothing. Our verdict is a complete reply to anything of that kind."

Juror North Non-Committal. Juror North talked a great deal but said nothing of a startling character.

"Were any of you, or how many of you, in favor of the death penalty?" he was asked.

"Judging from the verdict I would say that none of us was in favor of it or you would have heard something of it in the verdict."

"Oh, that's a joke."

"Well, the fact of the matter is, that just now we want to be let alone and get some rest."

"What was the first ballot?"

"Now, I can't remember, to save me."

"What about that story that Juror Culver was assaulted?"

"What story? Why, there isn't a word of truth in any story like that. Any man who made such a statement proclaims himself a scoundrelous ass."

A Great Deal of Work to Do. Then Mr. North looked around, smiled, and said:

"I beg pardon if the gentleman happens to be around here, but the story is utterly false in every particular. We had a great deal of evidence to go over and it took us a long time. There was some difference of opinion, of course—that was necessary—but we got through very peaceably, quietly, and without friction of a disagreeable kind. I think we did well for the quantity of work we had to do."

Several other jurymen were assailed, but very few of them were as affable as Messrs. Clarke, North, and Marlor, and some of them even went so far as not to open their mouths at all.

All Anxious to See Culver. After the jury was dismissed Mr. Culver was met by his son, a young man 19 years of age, and Joseph McCallum, his partner. As the trio appeared on Michigan street they found a crowd of over 100 waiting to see the much-talked-of jurymen. Mr. Culver was alarmed at the large group. He nervously looked around with his companions and they hastened down Dearborn street. Now they were followed by perhaps 200 people. Looking behind him Culver released his arms and threw them around the waists of his son and partner. In this strange position he hurried toward the hotel.

Hold Back the Mob. All the while the followers were being informed, and as some one yelled "Throw him off the bridge!" the escort of police became frightened. Capt. Schuetzler realized the possibility of a rash act and sent for more officers. They arrived at the time Culver stepped upon the Dearborn street bridge. Then Capt. Schuetzler filed his

baton and held back the mob.

Bushiri Hanged by Wisconsin. LONDON, Dec. 17.—Despatches from Zanzibar confirm the reports of the capture near Pangani of Bushiri, the leader of insurgents, and say the rebel chief has been hanged by command of Maj. Wissman.

Death of a Homeopathic Physician. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 17.—Dr. Seth Pannocost, the well-known homeopathic physician, died Monday, aged 66 years. He was noted for his knowledge of the occult sciences, theosophy, etc., and was a man of wealth.

In Explorer Stanley's Honor. ZANZIBAR, Dec. 17.—The British consul general, Mr. Evan-Smith, entertained Stanley at dinner Monday evening. All the notables were present. The ships in the harbor were illuminated in Stanley's honor.

Struck It Rich. DUBUQUE, Iowa, Dec. 17.—An important discovery of copper ore has been made on the farm of W. G. Stewart, about three miles from this city. Miners were looking for lead and struck a rich vein of copper about eighty feet below the surface. An analysis of the ore submitted shows at least 20 per cent of pure ore. Indications are that there is an immense quantity of the ore.

Appropriated Government Money. MADISON, Wis., Dec. 17.—A. B. Palmeter, ex-postmaster at Middleton, this county, has been found guilty of wrongfully taking as commission on the sale of stamps \$1,000 which belongs to the government. The action was of civil character.

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FOUGHT TO THE DEATH.

Brutal Slugging Match Near Butte, Mont.

OVER A HUNDRED ROUNDS FOUGHT.

The Contest the Result of a Dispute Over a Debt.—One Man Has His Arm Broken in the Forty-Eighth Round but Continues Fighting.—Daring Robbery of an Express Package at Brownwood, Tex.—The Criminal Record.

BUTTE, Mont., Dec. 17.—A dispute between John Gallagher and G. H. Ward over a trifling debt due the former by Ward resulted in the arranging of a prize fight to settle the matter. It took place Sunday a few miles from here. The fight was one of the most stubborn and brutal that has ever been witnessed. Gallagher was so badly hurt that he died of his injuries Monday evening. It took 105 rounds to settle which was the best man, during which Gallagher was knocked down ninety-eight times. In the forty-eighth round his arm was broken by a blow but he insisted on fighting and showed an amount of pluck and grit rarely seen in the ring. Notwithstanding his injury he fought with undiminished ferocity.

Result of the Last Round. Ward got in a terrific right hander under Gallagher's chin in the ninety-eighth round which sent him stunned to the ground, but he recovered in a half-dazed state and fought seven more rounds. In the 105th and last round he received his quietus. Ward struck him a terrible blow in this round and he went down like a log and with the exception of a hardly perceptible respiration showed no signs of life. It took some time to restore him and he was at once removed to his home. He never fully rallied, however, and his death as noted above occurred Monday evening. Only a few persons witnessed the fight.

A RIOT IN CHURCH. Razors Drawn and Two Men Seriously Cut in the Head and Body.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 17.—The difference between the factions in the First Baptist church (colored) of Kansas City, Kan., culminated Monday night in a riot, in which two men were dangerously injured and a number seriously hurt. The pastor presided at a meeting Monday night, at which his faction was outnumbered. Whenever a motion hostile to the pastor's desire was made he would call on some one to pray. After prayer the motion would be renewed and the pastor would again interrupt the proceedings by calling for a prayer.

A Shower of Hymn Books. He blocked the business this way for two hours. Finally he called on G. W. Smith to pray. The opposing faction was enraged by this time and when the brother responded a shower of hymn books and chairs greeted him. Then followed a general riot. Razors were used and two negroes were seriously cut about the head and body. The pastor's faction finally fled and left the church a possession of their enemies.

WORK OF BOLD THIEVES. They Secure an Express Package Containing \$7,000 at Brownwood, Tex.

Brownwood, Tex., Dec. 17.—The Wells, Fargo Express company was robbed of a \$7,000 package at this place Monday night. The west-bound Santa Fe passenger train reached Brownwood at 11:20 p. m. being ten minutes late. The express matter was hastily unloaded and was loaded L. Walter Jones, expressman, the messenger forgetting in the hurry of the moment to tell him of the value of the package. Two strangers entered the office and inquired for a package for John Johnson. Jones picked up the waybills to examine them, and as he did so received a stunning blow on the head and lost consciousness. An hour later he was able to give the alarm, and the baggage-master came to see the cause. The door was locked, but he forced an entrance and found Jones bound hand and foot and lying on the floor. The money was gone.

Clerk Johnston's Rascality. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Dec. 17.—The Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad officials are extremely reticent in the matter, but it is understood that Robert Johnston, late chief clerk in the paymaster's office, and confidential clerk to President Hughes, has fled with \$6,000 or \$8,000 instead of \$2,500, as originally stated. The Mackinac Transportation company has levied upon Johnston's property to cover his losses, but neither the railroad company nor friends whom he swindled have taken any steps beyond trying to find him. It is thought he is in Canada. His father lives in London, Ont., but he uses them. It found in Canada efforts to have him to compromise with him and secure a return of the funds.

Youthful Train Wrecker Arrested. WARREN, Ind., Dec. 17.—Thomas Frisling, chief of the Walrus railroad secret service, has arrested Charley Marquis, of this county, for turning a switch and wrecking a passenger train at Killens, five miles west of this city, two months ago. The engineer and fireman were seriously injured and several passengers narrowly escaped death in the wreck. A reward of \$500 was offered for the arrest of the miscreant. Marquis was arrested while attending school a short distance from the scene of the wreck. He is less than 20 years old. He has made a complete confession, saying that he wrecked the train because a conductor made him pay his fare after he had bought a ticket to Peru, Ind., and lost it.

The Cowardly Woman Killer. DALLAS, Tex., Dec. 17.—Mrs. Mary Adams, a handsome young widow, was shot and fatally wounded Sunday night by W. D. Cumming, a rejected lover. Mrs. Adams had the escort of another man from church and was fired upon by Cummings who was in ambush. Bloodhounds were placed on his track and at Garland, fifteen miles from here, he was captured. As soon as arrested he shot himself fatally in the breast. Cummings came here from Nashville two years ago.

An Ohio Journalist in Trouble. CINCINNATI, Dec. 17.—A Toledo, Ohio, special says: Charles Seher, proprietor of The Sunday Herald and Times, was indicted by the Lucas county grand jury for forgery. Being unable to obtain bail he was lodged in jail. The indictment contains several counts of forgery of notes and orders, the principal one of which is said to have been of a bill of exchange on Bates, a New York advertising man.

Murdered His Father. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 17.—George S. Dunbar, of this city, was struck on the head by a club in the hands of his 20-year-old son Emil during a quarrel Tuesday morning. The father's skull was fractured and he died shortly afterward.

RODE IN AN EMIGRANT CAR.

Governor Luce and Wife the Victims of a Very Shabby Trick.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 17.—Governor Luce who has just returned from a visit to the Pacific coast, is somewhat indignant at a shabby trick of which he has been made the victim. He was specially invited to attend the national grange meeting in San Francisco, and he purposed to go with all the pomp and circumstance that belongs to the governorship of a great state like Michigan. When he and Mrs. Luce reached Omaha on their way west they found that every arrangement had been made to carry the distinguished party across the plains.

The Governor Justly Indignant. They found, too, that they were expected to buy their blankets and other paraphernalia. In fact, the committee of arrangements had selected an emigrant car for the chief magistrate of the Wolverine state, and in that car Governor Luce and Mrs. Luce made the journey to the Pacific coast. The governor was indignant all over and took no pains to conceal his wrath, but he refused to change cars until he arrived at San Francisco, and then expressed his opinion in terms that even a committee of arrangements could understand. On the return trip Governor Luce and wife took a first-class car.

MORE BODIES RECOVERED. Three Victims of the Terrible Flood at Johnstown—Bridges Washed Away.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Dec. 17.—Two bodies were taken from the Conemaugh river at Coopersdale Monday and one Tuesday morning. One of the bodies found Monday has been identified as that of Walter E. Hooper, late secretary of the Johnstown company. This is the second body identified as that of Hooper. This first one was forwarded to Baltimore, where Hooper formerly lived, Nov. 15. The one found Monday is positively identified. It will remain at the morgue until friends in Baltimore are heard from.

Bridges Carried Away. The washing away of three bridges by the high water, caused by the recent rains, leaves the town in a very bad condition, traffic by wagon being almost wholly suspended. The Pennsylvania railway station can not be reached by the people on the south side of the Conemaugh except on foot across the Cambria railroad bridge. A large force of men are engaged in putting up a temporary bridge across the Conemaugh to the Pennsylvania railroad station. The water is still high and impeding work.

A SAD ACCIDENT. One Man Killed and Another Injured in a Runaway at Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 17.—A fatal runaway occurred here Monday. One lady was killed, one was injured, and the coachman badly hurt. Mrs. Hutty, wife of William Hutty, manager of the Western Sash and Door company, and Mrs. Logan, wife of the foreman of the same company, together with two children of Mrs. Hutty, were driving in a carriage, when a breast-strap of one of the horses' harness broke, and they started on the run.

A Brave Coachman. In endeavoring to jump from the carriage Mrs. Hutty's dress caught on the carriage step and she was thrown to the pavement and her skull fractured. She was removed to her home, 1329 Harrison street, where she died in a brief time. In jumping from the vehicle, Mrs. Logan sustained a fracture of the leg. The coachman then slid down from his box to the inside of the carriage, seized the youngest child in his arms and jumped from the vehicle. In alighting on the pavement he fell and was seriously cut about the head, but the child escaped unharmed.

An Amicable Settlement Looked For. WOBURN, Mass., Dec. 17.—The Knights of Labor having expressed their willingness to submit their side in the leather workers' strike to arbitration, the state board of arbitration sent a communication to the board of directors of leather manufacturers requesting a conference. The manufacturers agreed to comply with the request, appointing a committee to meet the state board on Friday next. Members of the state board are very hopeful of a satisfactory adjustment of the difficulties and it is expected that the great strike will soon be amicably ended.

Three Men Blown to Pieces. CALUMET, Mich., Dec. 17.—At 1 o'clock Tuesday morning John Sullivan, Charley Johnson, a Finlander, both unmarried, and Andrew Adam-ky, a Polish lad 14 years of age, were blown to pieces while at work blasting in the drift at the sixteenth level south No. 1 shaft at the Osceola mine. It is supposed that a cap exploded while being set for a blast, setting off some sixteen sticks of berceus powder and blowing the bodies of the unfortunate miners to atoms.

Close Call for a Holocaust. NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—A fire early Tuesday morning in the building 66 Eldridge street, a five-story building occupied by a candy store, tailor shop and a synagogue, caused a loss of \$10,000 to the building and contents. Three tailors who slept in the tailoring establishment on the top floor had a narrow escape from death. They were all badly burned, however, about the head, shoulders and hands. It is believed one of them, Harris Elias, will die.

The Situation in Montana. HELENA, Mont., Dec. 17.—Governor Toole Tuesday morning sent his message to the senate, and the Democratic house of representatives ignoring the Republican house, the senate considered the message. The Republican house has so far paid no attention to the warrant sent the members by the Democratic minority, and it has been determined to disregard it.

Silcott's Successor. WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 17.—Sergeant-at-Arms Holmes, of the house of representatives, has appointed E. J. Hartshorn, of Iowa, to be cashier of his office in place of his defuncter, Silcott. Mr. Hartshorn has given a bond of \$50,000 for the proper performance of his duties.

Howarth Leads the Pedestrians. DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 17.—At 12 o'clock Tuesday morning the scores in the six-day's go-as-you-please stood as follows: Cox 55 miles; Loran, 100; Mackey, 90; Smith, 80; Ray, 101; Burns, 101; Morse, 100; Ellsworth, 100; Howarth, 130.

The Brazilian Republic Prospering. LONDON, Dec. 17.—The national bank of Brazil cables its branch here that the receipts from customs and excise for the first half of December are \$27,000 more than during the same period of 1883 and that all is going on well.

Election Amendment Not Adopted. COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 17.—The supreme court Tuesday morning decided the biennial election amendment not adopted. The amendment received a majority of the votes cast for it, but not a majority of the general vote.

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The Forum is of great value to that part of my college work which deals with practical politics and current questions. Two sets are hardly enough for daily use by students.—Prof. ALBERT BUSHNELL, ART, of Harvard.

I consider THE FORUM as furnishing the most intelligent and sympathetic audience that a thoughtful writer can find to address in any land.—Prof. ALEXANDER WINCHELL, of the University of Michigan.

THE FORUM continues to hold its place as the foremost of our magazines, for the variety, the value, and the weight of its contributions.—THE NEW YORK TIMES.

There has come forward no problem of grave importance since THE FORUM was established that has not been discussed in its pages by masters of the subject. An announcement of forthcoming articles can seldom be made long in advance, for THE FORUM's discussions are always of problems of present concern. Every such problem at the year 1880 will bring forward will be discussed, whether in politics, or religion, or social science, or practical affairs. The January number will contain a reply by J. G. CARLISLE to Senator Cullom's recent article on "How the Tariff affects the Farmer."

THE FORUM PUBLISHING COMPANY, 253 Fifth Ave., N. Y. 50 Cents a Number. Subscriptions received at this office. \$5.00 a Year.

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BANISHING A BRAGANZA.

BRAZIL SHIPS DOM PEDRO AND DECLARES HERSELF A REPUBLIC.

Remarkable Epochs and Changes of Fortune—Doubtful Future of the Republic. Strange Mixture of Races—Large Foreign Tracts of Brazil.

The revolution, begun in 1770, is now complete.

The American continent does not now add a monarchy of any sort. From the Aurora Borealis of the north to the frozen serpent of the south, as Burke said, Canada is a nominal vice royalty, it is true, but practically as much a republic as any country on the continent. Brazil but a few days ago finished the emperor, the emperor and family have gone to Portugal and a republic is proclaimed—and without the sacrifice of a life.

Eighty-two years ago the royal family of Portugal fled before Bonaparte to the island Portuguese province of Brazil, and raised it to an independent empire; now the imperial family of Brazil return to their royal Portuguese consins. It is a romance in history. Dom Pedro has a private fortune of over \$3,000,000, and is promised a pension of \$450,000 a year from the Brazilian republic; so he will not be a burden to his relatives. It would indeed be a calamity if he had to "live on his wits" for the rest of his life.

They were revolutionized out of existence many years ago. The emperor of the emperors, whom Dom Pedro married in 1826, was then Francis I, king of the two Sicilies, but the general overturning which made the kingdom of Naples throw out the Bourbons rulers of the time of Dom Pedro himself has a score of well-to-do relatives, though the revolutions of this century are rapidly reducing them to the ranks. When Bonaparte invaded Spain and Portugal, John VI, the reigning Braganza of the latter, fled to Brazil, but the revolutionary movement was infected all Spanish America, and by one of the provinces from Mexico toward were torn from their allegiance. Yielding to the inevitable, King John avoided a war by proclaiming a constitution, Feb. 26, 1821. He then returned to Portugal, leaving his son, Dom Pedro, as regent. But the Brazilians wanted complete separation, and on Dec. 12, 1822, the empire was proclaimed. Dec. 1 Dom Pedro was crowned emperor. He married the Archduchess Leopoldina of Austria, and their son, the present Dom Pedro, was born Dec. 2, 1825.

The next year King John of Portugal died, and the Brazilian ruler was called to choose between the two countries. He resigned the crown of Portugal to his daughter, Dona Maria da Gloria, and only five years later he had to give up the rule of Brazil also, as the people demanded a still more liberal government. He abdicated in favor of his son, Dom Pedro, but the country was governed by a regency till the latter reached the age of 16, when, in 1841, he was formally crowned, to serve as emperor forty-eight years. He has had, on the whole, a successful reign. His daughter Isabella, an empress, born in 1846, was married in 1861 to the Count D'Eu, or Prince of Orleans, eldest son of the Duke of Nemours, and therefore in the line of Bourbon succession to the French throne. If that amounts to anything nowadays, Dom Pedro also has three sons. His second daughter, Leopoldina, married Prince August of Saxe-Coburg, and left him no issue.

The future of the republic of Brazil is somewhat cloudy. Its area is a little larger than that of the United States, a little more than Alaska, and with Russia its largest contiguous land. It covers one-seventh of the globe, or about 3,000,000 square miles, or 5 degrees of latitude to 35 degrees of longitude. A considerable number of its products and resources are still undeveloped. It has a large amount of land, and a large number of people, and a large number of resources. It has a large amount of land, and a large number of people, and a large number of resources. It has a large amount of land, and a large number of people, and a large number of resources.

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At a recent convention of merchant tailors Mr. Henry Turner, president of the Tailors' National Exchange, appeared in a new and original dress suit, which he offered for the consideration of his brother tailors, with a view of making it the fashion. If he should succeed in this, it will be the last great triumph of that democratic movement which was inaugurated in America with the Declaration of Independence. No potentate or prince could survive this blow to royal prerogative as a setter of fashions.

This is what Mr. Turner proposed: The coat is of dark material, with a light shawl collar, silk faced, with no lapel seams, and with the skirt and fore part cut together, being only partly separated by the waist seam. The skirts are boldly rounded over the hips, and the fore part and sleeves ornamented with elaborate embroidery.

The vest is of white figured silk, closing with four buttons, having a moderately curved crease and plain rolling collar. The trousers are of lavender shade, and contrast "very effectively with both the coat and vest."

Told Not to Make Himself Sick. Aunt to Freddy, who is visiting her—Freddy, will you have some more cake? Freddy—Course I will, auntie. I don't feel a bit sick yet.—Texas Siftings.

It is roughly estimated that 80 per cent of the total population is of freed men—emancipated by slow processes for many years or by the sweeping act of sudden manumission last year. And there is reason for suspecting that this rapid emancipation without promise of indemnity to the owners was the cause of Dom Pedro's overthrow, and that this new republic is really a reactionary affair—a view greatly strengthened by the fact that of the 2,500,000 or more adult males in the country not more than 200,000 have so far enjoyed the right of suffrage. Color is no bar, but there are many other limitations. And, finally, 84 per cent of the adults are illiterate! To sum it all up, this new born republic has perhaps 12,000,000 people, of whom but a third are white, nearly half colored, one-tenth or so degraded heathen, and five-sixths unable to read. Americans would not, in the present state of their own politics, consider that very promising material for a republic.

The trade of Brazil is really quite important for so limited a population, and this is the point of most enduring interest to Americans. For many years Brazil's exports have averaged \$150,000,000, occasionally running much higher, and her imports \$125,000,000 or more. Like most new and poor countries, with lavish abundance of raw materials, her exports are apparently much greater than her imports. To the United States Brazil sends annually about \$84,000,000 worth of coffee, \$12,000,000 of rubber, \$6,500,000 of sugar and \$1,500,000 of skins, other products being in many minor classes. Her imports from the United States are relatively quite small. Her trade with Great Britain may be said to nearly balance—about \$30,000,000 exports to \$23,000,000 imports from England yearly.

If one might venture a prophecy as to the future of Brazil, it would naturally be something like this: The present republic will run a little more recklessly than the empire did, but still with some degree of conservatism as long as the power is kept in the hands of the educated few. In no long time, however, by concession or by revolution, the power will pass to the many, and then will come the "bloody sweat" through which all these prematurely born republics have to pass before their people learn self government. And, finally, there is good reason to expect that the whites will retreat to the limited area most favorable to them, and in time the negroes, strengthened by black immigration from other nations, will fill the central region and rule the country.

Rear Admiral Walker.

From the mizzen royal truck of the cruiser Chicago, the flagship of the war vessels recently started to visit foreign lands, floats a blue flag with two white stars. It is to indicate that an admiral of the blue, John G. Walker, is in command of the fleet.

Admiral Walker, during the civil war, was on the Mississippi river at Vicksburg, and commanded the gunboat De Kalb at Arkansas Post as lieutenant commander in the United States navy. There is a considerable rise from the position of head of a Mississippi river gunboat to admiral of a fleet of five such vessels, as the Chicago, the Atlanta, the Yorktown, the Boston and the Dolphin. No United States naval officer has ever made a cruise with any such fleet.

After the civil war Admiral Farragut went abroad in the old Franklin, a wooden ship of an antique pattern. He was received everywhere with marked honor, which was rather for the man than his ship. Admiral Walker goes in charge of a fleet of modern ironclads which are supposed to compare favorably with the best in the world.

The squadron will sail from Boston on or before Dec. 1 to Lisbon, probably stopping at Madeira where they will be joined by the old wooden ship Enterprise. From Lisbon they will go to the Mediterranean, and while on the cruise will touch at many prominent European ports. The object of the cruise is to show the world what Uncle Sam has been doing lately in the way of war ship building.

A Novel Dress Suit.

At a recent convention of merchant tailors Mr. Henry Turner, president of the Tailors' National Exchange, appeared in a new and original dress suit, which he offered for the consideration of his brother tailors, with a view of making it the fashion. If he should succeed in this, it will be the last great triumph of that democratic movement which was inaugurated in America with the Declaration of Independence. No potentate or prince could survive this blow to royal prerogative as a setter of fashions.

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IT IS JUST THREE WEEKS

Since the great closing out sale at our establishment began. In this sale we have made lower prices than ever offered in Decatur of any part of Central Illinois. The people have known and appreciated the fact, and the consequence has been that

FERRISS & LAPHAM

Have averaged sales of over \$300 a day, or more than \$5,000 for this short time. We know that this is a tremendous cash showing for a retail business, but we know better than any one else that we have been selling goods at

From 40 to 50 Per Cent Less

than regular prices, and at about 20 per cent less than any retailer can buy them for. This is one of the reasons why every day is Sunday for other shoe houses here. This is the reason other shoe houses hate the name of Ferriss & Lapham and never lose an opportunity to talk the firm down.

NOTWITHSTANDING THIS WONDERFUL SALE WE

have plenty of goods in all sizes, all widths and styles. We are bound to have what you want, else this great clearing out sale would not be successful. We are able to guarantee you that we have your size, and can assure you that we can save money for you in your shoe purchases as we have saved money for your neighbors and friends.

THERE IS ABSOLUTELY NO RESERVE IN THIS SALE, WE CLOSE

out everything in the house. Fine goods, staple goods, everything that an ordinary firm would want to reserve in such sale we are closing out. Everything goes. We have about \$25,000 in this retail stock still. Can't quote prices on all of it, and give you the following list only as an index to the hundreds of bargains which await you.

Men's Hand sewed Shoes, worth \$5, now only	\$3 00	Ladies' Hand Turned and Hand Welt Shoes, finest and best, worth \$5, now only	\$2 50
Men's Machine-sewed Shoes, worth \$3, now only	2 00	Ladies' Dongola Shoes, worth \$3, now only	2 00
Men's Machine sewed Shoes, worth \$2, now only	1 40	Ladies' Dongola Shoes, worth \$2.50, now only	1 75
Men's Machine sewed Shoes, worth \$1.50, now only	1 00	Ladies' Dongola Shoes, worth \$2, now only	1 25
Men's Heavy Boots, worth \$2, now only	1 50	Ladies' Dongola Shoes, worth \$1.50, now only	1 00
Men's Kip Boots, worth \$3, now only	2 00	Ladies' Rubbers, worth 40c, now only	25
Men's Veal Boots, worth \$3.50, now only	2 50	Ladies' Arctics, worth \$1.25, now only	75
Men's Calf Boots, worth \$2.75, now only	2 00		

TREMENDOUS SLAUGHTER OF RUBBER GOODS.

Men's Buckle Arctics, worth \$1.50, now only	\$1 00	A miscellaneous lot of Men's and Boys' Rubber Boots to close out.	
Men's Buckle Arctics, worth \$1.25, now only	90	Men's formerly retailed at \$2.75, now only	\$1 50
Men's Rubbers, imitation sandals, worth 75c, only	50	Boys' formerly retailed at \$2.25, now only	1 00
Men's Rubbers, self acting, worth 90c, now only	50		

Come Quick--The Early Bird Catches the Worm.

FERRISS & LAPHAM,

148 East Main Street, : : Decatur, Ill.

THE ANGELUS.

Costliest Picture in the World.



This masterpiece by the great French painter, Jean Francois Millet, was purchased at auction in Paris last summer by the American Art Association of New York. The cost, \$15,000 and duties, amounting in all to about \$16,000, was nearly \$400 a square inch, as the picture is only 18x21 inches in size. This is the highest price ever paid for a single picture. A Beautiful Photo Etching, as represented above, the full size of the original, in which the greatest care and artistic ability have been employed to reproduce all the beauties of the painting, has been prepared specially to be sent as a free premium to every annual subscriber of the weekly edition of

THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC.

A copy of this etching on fine plate paper, 24x35 inches in size, will be sent free, postage prepaid, to every annual subscriber after November 1, 1899.

A Special Illinois Edition,

Containing ten to twelve pages every week, and one entire page of special Illinois news, goes to every Illinois subscriber.

The Weekly Republic, with Premium Picture, \$1 a Year.

Sample copy and premium sheet sent free to any address. Usual commission allowed postmasters and other authorized agents. Address

THE REPUBLIC,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

USE PEARL TOP LAMP
THE BEST CHIMNEYS
MADE ONLY BY
GEO. A. MACBETH & CO. PITTSBURGH, PA.

UNION DEPOT TIME CARD.

In effect December 15, 1899.

Wabash Railway.	
TO CHICAGO.	FROM CHICAGO.
No. 2..... 12:05 a.m.	No. 1..... 8:50 p.m.
No. 4..... 11:25 a.m.	No. 3..... 8:35 a.m.
No. 6..... 6:55 a.m.	No. 5..... 2:45 p.m.
TO ST. LOUIS.	
No. 2..... 8:00 a.m.	No. 10..... 8:00 p.m.
No. 4..... 8:45 a.m.	No. 4..... 11:00 a.m.
No. 6..... 4:05 a.m.	No. 44..... 11:20 a.m.
No. 46..... 2:50 p.m.	No. 42..... 10:15 p.m.
No. 6..... 8:05 p.m.	No. 2..... 11:55 p.m.
No. 4..... 5:45 a.m.	No. 70..... 5:30 a.m.
TO TOLEDO.	
No. 46..... 6:25 a.m.	No. 43..... 3:50 a.m.
No. 44..... 11:15 a.m.	No. 45..... 2:40 p.m.
No. 42..... 10:25 p.m.	No. 41..... 9:00 a.m.
No. 48..... 3:15 p.m.	No. 47..... 11:00 a.m.
TO QUINCY, ETC.	
No. 43..... 4:30 a.m.	No. 42..... 10:10 p.m.
No. 45..... 3:10 p.m.	No. 44..... 10:30 a.m.
No. 1..... 9:07 p.m.	No. 6..... 8:15 a.m.
No. 47..... 6:45 a.m.	No. 48..... 7:30 p.m.
No. 71..... 12:30 p.m.	No. 70..... 10:45 a.m.

Ind. Decatur & Western.	
ARRIVE.	DEPART.
No. 1..... 8:00 p.m.	No. 2..... 11:20 a.m.
No. 3..... 4:00 a.m.	No. 4..... 10:30 p.m.
No. 5..... 10:30 a.m.	No. 6..... 4:00 p.m.

Terre Haute & Peoria.	
ARRIVE.	DEPART.
No. 2..... 10:57 a.m.	No. 1..... 12:40 p.m.
No. 4..... 7:10 a.m.	No. 3..... 7:00 p.m.
No. 6..... 5:00 a.m.	No. 7..... 4:50 p.m.
No. 8..... 3:30 p.m.	No. 9..... 1:14 a.m.
No. 10..... 1:30 a.m.	No. 11..... 6:55 a.m.

Illinois Central.	
NORTH.	SOUTH.
No. 2 pass..... 9:15 a.m.	No. 1 pass..... 5:15 p.m.
No. 4 pass..... 9:45 p.m.	No. 3 pass..... 10:20 p.m.
No. 12..... 2:20 p.m.	No. 11..... 9:40 a.m.
No. 10 freight..... 3:55 p.m.	No. 9..... 8:55 p.m.
No. 8 freight..... 10:00 a.m.	No. 7..... 5:50 p.m.

Peoria, Decatur & Evansville.	
ARRIVE.	DEPART.
No. 2..... 2:55 p.m.	No. 1..... 11:00 a.m.
No. 4..... 6:40 a.m.	No. 3..... 9:45 p.m.
No. 6..... 8:55 a.m.	No. 5..... 3:00 p.m.

THE SUN

FOR

1890

Some people agree with The Sun's opinions about men and things, and some people don't; but everybody likes to get hold of the newspaper which is never dull and never afraid to speak its mind.

Democrats know that for twenty years The Sun has fought in the front line for democratic principles, never wavering or weakening in its loyalty to the true interests of the party it serves with fearless intelligence and disinterested vigor. At times opinions have differed as to the best means of accomplishing the common purpose; it is not the Sun's fault if it has seen further into the distance.

Eighteen hundred and ninety is the year that will probably determine the result of the presidential election of 1892, and perhaps the fortunes of the democracy for the rest of the century. Victory in 1892 is a duty, and the beginning of 1890 is the best time to start out in company with The Sun.

Daily, per month.....	\$ 50
Daily, per year.....	6.00
Sunday, per year.....	3.00
Daily, and Sunday per year.....	8.00
Daily, and Sunday per month.....	.70
Weekly, Sun one year.....	1.00

Address The Sun, New York.

Chancery Notice.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF DECATUR. In the Circuit Court of said County, to the January Term, A. D. 1900, Jasper J. Peddecord, Lower Burrows, and William M. Boyd, partners as Peddecord, Burrows & Co., Complainants, vs. Eletha B. Durfee, Harry B. Durfee, Lauretta B. Durfee, Nellie Durfee, Maud Durfee, Frank Durfee, Fred Durfee and Frank D. Caldwell, defendants.

Public notice is hereby given to the above named defendant, Harry B. Durfee, that the above named complainants have heretofore filed their bill of complaint in said court on the chancery side thereof against him, impleaded with the said other defendants; that a writ of summons has been issued thereon against all of said defendants, returnable into said court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be held at the Court House in Decatur, Illinois, commencing on the second Monday of January, next, the 18th day of said month, A. D. 1900, in which Court said cause is now pending; when and where he can appear and plead, answer or demur.

EDWIN M. McCLELLAN, Clerk of said Court.

CURTIS & EWING, Solicitors for Complainants.

RAILROAD CROSSING

LOOK OUT FOR EAST

EXCURSION TRAINS

VIA THE

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & MANITOBA RY.

Montana, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota.

THROUGH THE GREAT RESERVATION and MILK RIVER VALLEY

GREAT FALLS, HELENA, BUTTE. And all important intermediate points, including

Fargo, Moorhead, Huron, Watertown, Ellendale, Aberdeen, Grand Forks, Sioux Falls, Wahpeton, Fergus Falls, Devils Lake, Etc.

VERY LOW RATES.

Through Tickets on sale at all practical Stations.

For further information ask your home or nearest coupon ticket agent, or write to

W. S. ALEXANDER, Gen. Traffic Mgr. F. L. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass & Tkt. Agt. ST. PAUL, MINN.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Notices not exceeding five lines will be inserted in this column one week for twenty-five cents payable in advance.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT a house with two rooms and out kitchen, good cellar and garden. Address, 344 North Calhoun St. Apply to David Peterson 344 North Church St.

FOR RENT A furnished room near the depot. Inquire of James Hill, at R. S. B. Bon's store, 555 East Eldorado street.

FOR RENT—Office rooms over Warren & Durfee's office; also on second floor adjoining Masonic temple. Apply to Theo. Coleman, at Haworth & Son's office.

TO LET—A well furnished room with board in private family for one or two gentlemen. Address, Lock box 377.

ROOMS TO RENT—I have a whole residence flat to rent on very reasonable terms. For further information call on D. Hutchison attorney at law, in Powers' block.

WANTED.

WANTED Three good men to sell for us either on salary or commission. Address, May Brothers, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Two girls for hotel work. Apply to G. W. Drysdale, Blue Mound, Ill.

WANTED—Steady work for the winter, in heavy stable, manufactory or driving team. James Chudron. Inquire at Review office.

WANTED—Agents to canvass for books, good profit. Liberal cash premiums. call at 34 West Main St. at 9 o'clock, this morning.

WANTED—Sewing, by a young lady, an accomplished seamstress. Wishes to do sewing in families by the day. Call or address 341 East Edmund street.

WANTED—Reliable local and traveling salesmen. Positions permanent. Special inducements now. Apply to H. BROWN BROS., Nurserymen, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Salesmen to solicit for our well-known Nursery. Good wages paid every week. Permanent employment guaranteed. Write at once, before territory taken, stating age. CHAS. HARRIS, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—One dollar weekly payment upon a becoming 100 percent that we should have extra inducement this week in second hand cream for 25c and upward with set of and book and a term of lessons free. New Kimball, Hallett and Davis, Emerson and Hall streets and Kimball street on easy payments. Orders for tuning and repairing to be received promptly. Bennett's Music Store, 219 North Main street.

\$60 SALARY, 50c expenses in advance, ad. each month. Steady employment at once. No traveling. No soliciting. Duties delivering and making collections. No post office. Address with stamp, Walter & Co., Equine, N.Y.

FOUND.

FOUND—At last the people have found out that shoe-maker & titchardson make the best pictures that can be had in this part of the world. Gallery at the corner of North and Water streets. Come before we move.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—\$500 will buy a new three room house & good lot. Call on J. H. Perry, at Gebhart's grocery store 1101 N. Water St. et.

LAUNDRIES—Hop Hong's laundries. No 125 South Main street and 159 East Prairie street. Shirts, 10 cts.; collars, 2 cts.; cuffs, 2 cts. a pair; underwear, 2 for 10 cts. Work every day. He has added to his laundries a splendid Steam Ironing Machine. Collars ironed for 3 cents each, and cuffs 2 cents per pair.

DISOLUTION NOTICE—The firm of Sorger & Son is this day dissolved by mutual consent and all their assets and good will transferred to the new firm of The Decatur Grocer Works. J. G. SORGER, J. W. SORGER.

A Daily Paper FOR 1 Cent a Day.

A daily newspaper now costs but little more than the old-time weekly. The CHICAGO DAILY NEWS is an impartial, independent newspaper. It is a member of the Associated Press. It prints all the news and sells it for 1 cent a day. Mailed, post-paid, for \$3.00 per year, or 25 cents per month. This is \$3.00 per year less than the price of any other Chicago morning paper. The CHICAGO DAILY NEWS is not a blanket-sheet. It is a condensed paper. You can read it and still have time left for an honest day's work. It is a daily paper for busy people. No one who has the advantage of a daily mail service need longer be content with a weekly newspaper. The circulation of the CHICAGO DAILY NEWS is, with a single exception, the largest in the United States—it exceeds that of all other Chicago dailies combined. You ought to read a daily paper. Why not try the CHICAGO DAILY NEWS?

Big G has given universal satisfaction in the cure of Gonorrhea and Gleet. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STONE, M.D., Decatur, Ill. PRICE, \$1.00. Sold by Druggists.

JNO. G. CLOYD,

144 East Main street is selling first class groceries for less money than than the same can be had of any other house in the city. Most of the business is done for the purpose of making a small profit, but "just for his health" is selling Booth oysters at 25 cents per can and a guaranteed straight winter wheat flour at \$1.00 for 50 lb sack. Don't forget the number

144 E. Main, - Decatur. Telephone 36.

MORNING REVIEW

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1899.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Board at Combs' restaurant. The Queen at Bachman Bros. Henry Bros. keep the best bread in the city.

Read S. M. Lutz's offer of special prices on organs.

Cuff and collar boxes in variety at Irwin's drug store.

Butter and eggs at Webster & Co's, 217 North Main.

Soft nut coal \$1.50 per ton delivered.—F. D. Caldwell.

Fine holiday goods at bottom prices at Irwin's drug store.

Peake & Son are the jewelers that are slaughtering prices on goods this year.

For pure drugs and fine holiday goods, go to Irwin's drug store.

Buy your drugs at the corner of Calhoun and Edmund streets.

Manicure sets and work boxes in variety at Irwin's drug store.

For this week and next Peake & Son have their special holiday sale.

Good warm rooms at Combs' European hotel. Go there to board.

Green apples, grapes and canned fruit at Webster & Co's, 217 North Main.

Stop in at Peake & Son's and see their elegant display of holiday goods.

If you want a good, clean, wholesome lunch, go to Henry Bros.

Push over cases in variety, at reduced prices, at Irwin's drug store.

Watches are cheaper this year than ever, because Peake & Son have cut the price.

Excelsior Dairies for 1890 now ready at the City Book store. J. H. Bevans.

Oxidized silver comb and brush and manicure sets at Irwin's pharmacy.

Go to Combs' restaurant and European hotel opposite Grand opera house.

Swell body and Portland sleighs and bob-sleds for sale at Spencer & Lehman Co.

Remember Hunter has the Pioneer Brand of oysters at wholesale. Best in the market.

Go to the Spencer & Lehman company for feed cutters, feed grinders and corn shellers.

You can find handsome Christmas presents for your musical friends at S. M. Lutz's music store.

Shaving parlor, 709 East Cerro Gordo street. Shaving and hair cutting in style.—C. B. Smith.

When you want anything in the grocery line, call on E. R. Culver, 709 North Church street, or telephone No. 8.

Awnings put up and fine upholstery and repairing of all kinds done to suit you by A. Beer, North Main.

A fine assortment of guitars, mandolins, violins, banjos, music books, (folios and rolls for Christmas, at Prescott's.

Prudent housekeepers who want to preserve their reputation as breadmakers, should always use Hatfield's flour.

The largest and cleanest soft coal ever offered to the Decatur trade at \$1.50 per ton delivered. F. D. CALDWELL.

Come to the "Standard" office in Library block on William street, and see how quick and how nice it will make a button hole.

No more useful Christmas present can be given than a Merritt Typewriter. \$15. Office in Library Block, on William street.

There will be a masquerade dance at Guards' armory Thursday, Dec. 19th. Admission 50c. Ladies free. Good music and good order.

At the Decatur Musical college lessons are given in piano, violin, organ, harmony, theory and elocution. Pupils may enter at any time.

Don't throw those old shoes away. They are the easiest friends you have. Just take them to E. W. Chandler, Tabernacle building, for repairs.

Miss Cera Fletcher has moved to 145 West Cerro Gordo street, where she will still continue dressmaking and teaching the Fountain tail system.

As no investment is cheaper than that made for education, 'tis the duty of parents to unite instruction with pleasure if possible. Teach boys and girls now to use the "Merritt" typewriter, and thus become highly proficient in spelling and punctuation.

All who have examined the new stock of fine etchings at the City Book store are loud in their praises of this beautiful line of pictures. To all who think of purchasing we say again, come and look at them. J. H. Bevans.

Such a display of elegant albums as can now be seen at the City Book store has never before been made in Decatur. The stock includes all grades, in plush and leather, and are selling at marvelously low prices. J. H. Bevans.

You will surely regret it if you purchase anything in the way of brush and comb sets, shaving sets, cuff and collar boxes, jewel boxes, odor cases; in fact any article in the way of plush goods, before looking at the stock at the City Book store. The stock is all fresh and new, purchased direct from a large manufacturer for cash, and our low prices will astonish you. J. H. Bevans.

"I have thee on the hip," cried rheumatism, seizing his victim and tossing him on a suffering bed. "Not so," he cried, "not so! Wait my ancient foe, just five minutes, until the boy brings a bottle of Salvation Oil, then we will see who wins the day."

Pat! it is said, guards herself carefully against cold, she evidently does not believe in tree concerts, but does believe in the free use of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup as it has cured her several times.

Over 200 different styles of choice goods to select that new suit from, at Mulcahy & Sons.

at Bachman Bros. and see the Queen.

Call

at Bachman Bros. and see the Queen.

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Call

A Vendor of Thirty-One Years.

For 31 years the public has been using the well known brands of flour manufactured by the Shellabarger mills, and as evidence of their popularity, the capacity of our mills has been increased from the little 50-barrel burr mill to our present 800-barrel full roller process mill, and our trade exceeds that of any mill in this state. This certainly proves that our flour still takes the lead. In the year 1879 we changed our mills from the burr system to the roller process, (the first mill in the state to use rolls on winter wheat) and at the same time changed our brands, White Wheat and XXXX, to the popular and well known White Loaf and Daily Bread brands. Since the change in our system and brands our competitors have been using every means possible to duplicate both our flour and brands. They find it impossible to do so, but in some instances have deceived the public by the similarity between their brands and ours—for at a glance one would see no difference between the brands, because the name, design and color are similar to our White Loaf and Daily Bread brands. Yet the quality of the flour will tell and the public will soon discover the difference. We would caution the public in reference to this, and to see that every sack has either White Loaf or Daily Bread branded on same and the full firm name. Thanking the public for the substantial evidence of their verdict as to the quality of our flour, we are

Very Truly Yours,

SHELLABARGER MILL & ELEVATOR CO.

"Thou Shalt Not Bear False Witness Against Thy Neighbor."

To speak well of your competitor has always been a good business principle. We hope you may never sink so low as to slander and misrepresent our competitors in the effort to win trade. We don't get our trade that way. We made prices for our own goods. We attend to our own business and advise our competitors to do the same. Owing to cutting prices 40 to 50 per cent., we have sold more goods in the past three weeks than all other shoe dealers in Decatur combined. Of course it makes them mad, but they are silly to cry. They forget that Mr. L. L. Ferris has sold more good goods in this town in this town in the past twenty-five years than any man living. They also forget that to maintain a "cross-roads" fame necessitates the handling (as we do) of the very best and most desirable goods manufactured. We still have \$25,000 worth of goods that must be closed out once regardless of our competitors. Sorry for them, of course, but we can't always be expected to protect them. See our large advertisement. Respectfully,

PHILIP & LAPHAM,

148 East Main Street.

Our Grandmothers

are pioneers in the use of the hand needle, but how many do their sewing that way now? Remember this is an age of progress, and suppose there is only one HONEST, FIRST-CLASS dealer, who obtained the exalted position by honest effort in the city of Decatur, if you who are anticipating the purchase of a first-class sewing machine will take the advice of one who has had a little experience, you will only have to casually remark, "I intend trying the Standard Rotary Shuttle sewing machine before I make a choice." Then quietly take notes. Do you catch the idea?

Standard Sewing Machine office on William street, in Library Block.

CANDY FOR CHRISTMAS.

Candy is something that everybody buys for Christmas. Nothing is nicer than a box of Delle Harris' Choice Creams for a gift. Look at the mountain of choice cream candy at 15c a pound in the window. Call in and look at the grand display. North end of Central Block. Delle Harris.

Gratifying To All.

The high position attained and the universal acceptance and approval of the pleasant liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs, as the most excellent laxative known illustrates the value of the qualities on which its success is based and are abundantly gratifying to the California Fig Syrup Company.

To Be Remembered.

Dr. Stoner has for several years put in a stock of holiday goods that in choice and variety of selection was not to be excelled. He has done so this season, and wants you to come and see the finest line of plush goods, toilet articles and fancy novelties, just the things for presents. His store is at 241, south side New Square.

Woodmen, Attention.

You are requested to meet at Odd Fellows' hall this Wednesday promptly at 1 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our late neighbor, Theodore Bobb. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend. By order of L. W. FRIMONT, V. C. J. C. MARK, Clerk.

Sleeplessness

Dr. Flint's Remedy is the best remedy known for insomnia, or sleeplessness, which afflicts so many persons, and which leads to so many serious nervous diseases, particularly to insanity. Descriptive treatise with each bottle; or address Mack Drug Co., N. Y.

A Fine New Stock

of groceries and provisions, bought for cash, has been opened by A. Heckler, corner of Broadway and Decatur streets. Prices a little lower than elsewhere. See him.

The Iron Molders'

grand ball will be given on Christmas Eve. All are invited. No pains will be spared to make it the most enjoyable of the season. A handsome Christmas gift will be given each lady present.

Hard Coal.

I have a full supply of the best grades of hard coal. Prices and quality guaranteed. Principal office, 628 North Main street. E. L. MARSH.

Hello! V. H. Parke & Son will sell you best clean lump coal at \$1.70 per ton delivered. Spot cash. First come first served. Telephone 55.

Abel's Carpet House

has exclusive control of the folding flexible steel wire mat; best metallic door mat in use.

Open Evenings.

Linn & Scruggs will now remain open evenings from now until January 1.

Call

at Bachman Bros. and see the Queen.

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Special Correspondence to the Review

Mr. Cross, our genial merchant, was in Decatur Monday, laying in a bill of Christmas supplies for the coming rush.

Mr. Boggum, of Sidney, has purchased of William Mitchell two lots, and in the spring will erect a dwelling here in Milmine.

Prof. A. C. Duncan and Miss Lida Dietrich, of LaPlace, were in Milmine attending the school entertainment Saturday evening.

Prof. Maxwell, of Arzenta, Miss Mattie Ayers, of Oreama, and Miss Kate Blum, of Oakley, were the guests of Mrs. E. Farnsworth over Sunday.

I. L. Lefever contemplates moving to Denver, Col., in the near future, where he anticipates a permanent location for himself and family.

Miss Kate Duell was on a business trip to Belmont Saturday.

Herman Burman is still in the blacksmith shop in Milmine.

Mrs. Erastus Cross was in Oakley on a short visit during the early part of this week.

Johnnie Kinder is once more smiling in the sunshine of Milmine, having been absent some time.

Mrs. Kinder will soon remove to Tuscola, where she will make her future home.

Will Redman, of LaPlace, was among friends here last Saturday and Sunday.

The Christian Sunday school will give an entertainment on Christmas eve, in the town hall. A nice time is anticipated by all. No fee will be charged the Sunday school children, and they will be handsomely treated. The "Christmas cabin" will be built. All who have any scavenger to give should take it to the hall next Tuesday. A variety of other gifts will be changed at the door. Everybody turn out.

Protracted meeting is said to be in progress. Not much of the old-time spirit has yet been manifested.

The school entertainment last Saturday evening passed off very nicely, and was a grand success every way. All knew their parts and from the amount of applause and laughter given, all were undoubtedly satisfied. The hall was crowded, and the receipts of the evening were \$32.50. Especially is the drum music of Prof. Curtis to be commended, as his execution of it was without criticism. His descriptions of the train, battle, etc., were simply grand, and that feature of the play alone was worth the money.

"THE LITTLE BROWN JUG."

On next Saturday evening, Dec. 21, 1899, the Milmine school will give to the public their second entertainment for the benefit of a school library. A fine temperance play with the above title will be rendered.

The following is the cast of characters: Jarvis Jordan (a Yankee speculator).....C. Walsh

John Nutter (a shoemaker).....A. J. Collier

Will Nutter (his son and drunkard).....H. R. Duell

Ned Hartshorn (an apprentice).....Victor East

Henry Douglas (a villain).....L. N. Bribinger

Hannah Nutter (wife of John).....Mary Shepherd

Mary Nutter (daughter of John).....Maggie Bribinger

Sallie Feelee (a domestic).....Emma Farnsworth

Admission 15 and 25 cents.

Maroon.

Special Correspondence to THE REVIEW.

Mayor Crocker is improving slowly.

T. N. Leavitt returned from Richmond, Ind., Saturday, where he had been doing business with the Gaar, Scott & Co. thrasher.

C. D. Ray, of Clinton, Ill., a fireman on the I. C. railroad, will move back to Maroon soon and drive a dray for R. T. Harden.

Rev. Atkinson delivered an interesting address at the M. E. church Sunday evening to a large audience. Subject, "Good and Bad Books."

J. H. Harris will leave one day this week for Kentucky to visit relatives. He expects to be gone until after the holidays.

There will be Christmas trees at all three of the churches in Maroon on Christmas eve.

J. H. Alsbury has severed his connection with T. N. Leavitt and is now working at his trade, carrying the load. His place is filled by J. H. Smith.

The Christian church will have a sunflower festival at the opera house on December 21.

Maroon, Dec. 16, 1899.

Real Estate Transfer.

George W. Lehman to A. O. Bolten, lot in the north addition to Decatur: \$2,000.

W. A. Caldwell to J. A. Boney, lot near old coal shaft: \$922.

George W. Lehman to A. O. Bolten, lot in the north addition to Decatur: \$2,000.

E. B. Duroe to W. E. Strahan, lot in Duroe's third addition to Decatur: \$500.

